Gen. WM. BOOTH, General. T. H. ADAMS, Commissioner.

War Cry

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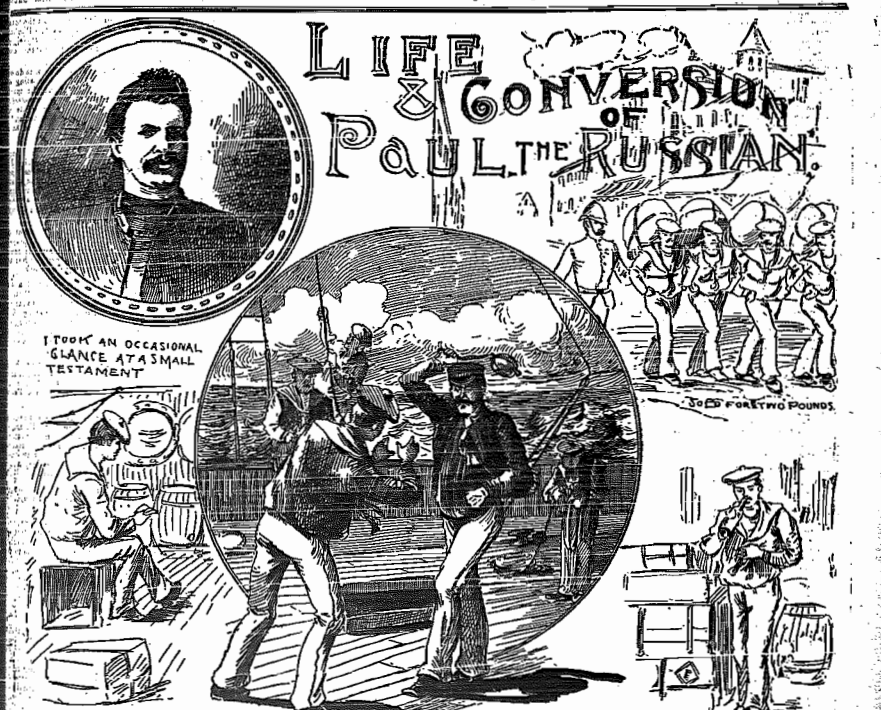

DRUNKEN SCOTTY.

A SAILOR'S LIFE — NINE YEARS AT SEA — SHIPS HIS MASTER — DESERTS HIS SHIP — BEHIND THE BARS IN WALES — SOLD FOR TWO POUNDS — REACHES B. C. — ARRESTED FOR DISTURBING SALVATION ARMY MEETINGS — SAVED ONE YEAR AFTER AT NANAIMO WHILE DRUNK — A SOLDIER — A CANDIDATE — A CADET AT THE TEMPLE GARRISON — A LIEUTENANT.

BY PICKER.

My eyes first beheld the light of the day at a small place in about the centre of Russia called Moshanak. My parents were quiet, hard-working farmers, who had all their lives attended the Lutheran church. Though, personally they know nothing of Christ as their Saviour, yet I was taught to love Him and fear God. I was sent to school where there were a number of Jews, and Roman Catholics, and of course quite a few Lutherans. We were all about the same age. Each different batch had their own priest, or minister, at different hours of the day, teaching a different doctrine. Though quite young, this was

MY FIRST CAUSE FOR UNBELIEF.

The questions arose in my mind: "Who was right?" "Is anybody right?" "Is there a God?" I became indifferent. My Sundays were spent at church in the morning, and fishing with the boys in the afternoon.

I was continually reprimanded for not living up to the rules of the church, but soon the church, the minister, the Sunday school—yes, even God seemed to be an abomination to me. I made up my mind that I was

OUT OUT FOR A SAILOR,

and not a farmer.

On one occasion a revival, so called, broke out in one of the churches. I went with a multitude of others. We all passed up the aisle to the front of the pulpit, where stood a priest muttering some words which no body could understand. Every one had to pay something, kiss the book, and pass on. They were supposed to have obtained remission of sins, and were all right, but I knew I was as bad, if not worse, than ever. So, from that out, I more than ever became a sceptic.

I was then seventeen years old, so I decided to be a man and earn my own living. I soon bid parents, home, friends, and all good-bye, and amidst tears and sobs I left home. I had hired with the master of a sailing vessel called "The Ida." My first trip was to France. I had considered myself a pretty hard lad, having learned

TO DRINK, SMOKE, CHEW AND SWEAR

before I left home; but before we were at sea twenty-four hours my hair almost stood up straight to hear some of the oaths uttered by some of the sailors, and the way they drank and used tobacco made me think if I was ever going to be an accomplished sailor I would have to go and do likewise, so I soon adapted myself to their ways and habits.

We soon reached France, and after a short stay returned to Russia, the return trip being spent in a like manner. My people were pleased to see me, and said I looked a little more hardened. I got to so love the life and my mates that I shipped with them again on the same vessel, this time going to the West Indies, to Hayti. Our passage was rough, but we used to drink just as much all the time to keep us in good working trim, so the storms never bothered us much.

When we reached port, all hands went ashore to have a good time. So off we started with our pay in our pockets. Our cash did not last long, but just long enough to keep us carousing until our ship sailed without us, so a few of us decided to stay, and that we did for seven months, when

WE RETURNED TO RUSSIA.

I was then going down with the tide rapidly, drink having become my master. I loved it.

My next trip was to Holland and return, on which I took an occasional glance at a small Testament which I found in my kit. It was placed there by my mother. I decided that a sailor's life after all was a little rough, and stopped home a while try-

[CONTINUED ON PAGE 4.]

THE VERY LATEST

About Everything in Connection with the Salvation Army in England.

COMMISSIONER CADMAN INTERVIEWED.

The Scavenger—Food Shelter Metropolitan Academy—Salvation Harbour—A Vision.

While to very many of our readers Commissioner Cadman's personality is well known, and to thousands of others the reverse is the case, and they have no clear idea of the kind of man who has been appointed to the charge of the Social Work, with details, and illustrations of which our pages to-day abound. We, therefore, for the benefit of our more numerous constituency, append here a slight sketch of him, with a brief outline of his remarkable career.

Converted at the age of twenty-one through listening to an open-air preacher, while passing through the Market Square of Rugby, on a Sunday afternoon, on his way to the fields for a boxing bout, with the boxing crowd under his wing, and a gang of ungodly companions accompanying him, the man's whole nature, when he shaken of the bandage of the devil and found peace with God, was turned in an opposite direction. As he himself says, "At one time I was ready to do the devil's service and now I'm red-hot in God's." It is this

"Red-Hot" Characteristic

which has enabled him to accomplish so much for God and souls. Whatever his hand finds to do he does it with his might. It seems impossible for him to do anything in a half-hearted or indifferent manner. He has had many a difficult problem to solve in the course of a long and useful career, and has seldom failed to find a "way out." He has held some of the most prominent and difficult positions in The Salvation Army.

Having had absolutely no education, he, at the period of his conversion, was not able to distinguish a single letter of the alphabet, but, by dint of strenuous efforts, he has taught himself, not only the alphabet, but a thousand other things relating to the problems of life and their solution, that many a highly educated man knows nothing of. He has had wide experience of all sorts and conditions of men, and held for eight years one of the most important organizing positions of The Salvation Army. In fact, it looks as if he had, by God's good providence, been

Passed through the Mill

which would enable him to fill with efficiency the responsible and important position he now occupies.

Physically, like Zaccheus, he is "small of stature," but large of brain and heart, and although he has been "in poverty of, and labors more abundant," yet his eye has not grown dim, nor his natural force abated at least apparently. We, who know him best believe in him and his integrity most.

Such in brief and barest outline, is the man who to-day is in charge of a scheme, destined not only to fill the earth with its fame—that is has already displayed but to work a peaceful and beneficent revolution wherever it extends. But to our interview.

"Well, Commissioner," we said, dropping in upon him the other day, "how is the Social Scheme progressing?"

"Oh, it's on the wing—flying," was his characteristic retort. "The mercy of God is swifter than lightning, and souls are being the submerged from the black jungles of despair, to the paradise of God."

"Can you tell the readers of the Cry something of the operations of the scheme, and of your conviction, after the experience you have had, of its workability and practicability?"

"Oh, yes, certainly! Fire away, ask me any question—like—what you want to know," said the Commissioner, throwing himself back in his chair.

"The best of the beginning. I believe you have had considerable experience in dealing with the submerged classes, have you not?"

"Yes, I have; I was one of the submerged myself—fatherless, motherless and friendless in the world—a slave to drink, sin and the devil; but from the moment

Jesus Christ set Me Free

I pursued my life spirit, gave myself up to the salvation of the abasses; and plans and purposes to accomplish this were my one study. I became this enthusiastic, delighted with His power, clothed in His armor. I "went forth to the brink of hell and cried aloud to the despairing souls, 'There is hope!' I gave my own experience and pointed them to the Lamb of God, and I never saw many thousands of the poor slaves of the devil escape to Christ for refuge. The only remedy to heal the sorrow and broken hearts of humanity is Christ."

"You are aware, of course, there is a widespread feeling even in quarters where one would the least expect it, that those lost and fallen souls are irreclaimable and irredeemable."

"Yes, the people who urge this are of the same spirit as the Jews of old, who did not believe there was any good out of the Samaritans, but in fact Samaria received Christ, when once they knew Him, with open arms, and so it is to-day and with the submerged."

The promises made by the General in the book, I am quite sanguine, will be literally fulfilled, and are being every day, and although we have only been in practical working order a few months, the results are marvellous, as the facts and figures given in your forthcoming Darkest England Cry will demonstrate.

"What have you actually accomplished, say in the Food and Shelter Depots, which I believe are the first plank in your City Colony?"

"Yes, you are quite right—the Food and Shelter Depots is the first plank. For the figures and what has been done I must refer your readers to the article headed, 'The City Colony.' There they will see the vast work already accomplished, taking only the limited period of the first three months of the work, and the colony we mean we alone reach, that will be made quite manifest by the other reports. We have

Fed Hundreds of Thousands,

we have sheltered tens of thousands, hundreds of conversions have taken place, and hundreds have been restored to circumstances. We are launching out still further in East London by opening another large Food Depot and Metropole in Bethnal Green.

These facts refer only to London, but we are opening a Shelter in Glasgow, a fortnight. This will be a Food Depot, Shelter and Elevator combined, and in a few weeks we hope to open a similar place at Bradford. At Bristol we have taken a very large building, the front portion of which is a public palace, opened this on Monday morning, the 11th inst., and continue the present business until necessary alterations and adaptations are made, which will be shortly. This will combine Food and Shelter, Metropole and Elevator."

"Are your poor men's hostels, as The General calls them, Metropoles"—as successful as you anticipated?"

"Yes, above and beyond all expectation. They are crowded out every night, and during the day it does one's soul good to see—especially in the Drury Lane—the poor that crowd for food, and the change in them in these places are most successful. When our men reach these Metropoles they feel they are on the highway to respectability and prosperity once again."

"Does your central labor bureau meet to any adequate extent the necessities of the unemployed?"

"Well, we have set considerable numbers to work as you will see by the statistics before referred to, but not nearly so large a number as we could if more employers of labor would make application to us. Speaking of the Labor Bureau, I should like to mention that I have an officer who is now busily engaged in endeavoring to register unemployed labor throughout the country by means of local agents. When this scheme is perfected we shall at a moment's notice be able to place our hands upon all the unemployed in a district in any particular trade. This is one of the General says, 'we should become the universal intermediary between those who have no employment and those who want workers.'"

"Exactly, capital! Talking of workmen, how do your Industrial Brigades, I beg pardon, your Elevators—succeed?"

"Splendidly!" enthusiastically cried the Commissioner, rubbing his hands. "We have cut manufactures equal to any house.

Look at These Branches.

We have all trades represented, metal-workers, carpenters, cabinet-makers, painters, basket makers, wire-workers, blacksmiths, engineers, and we have a large number of men engaged in wood-chopping, and they are getting on well. As for what the critics say, that we are taking the cream of the men to work, if they saw them they would alter their opinions, as from the very moment they come to us, we, as a rule, are dealt with in a kind but firm way by the officer that receives them and are set to their duties, and they soon find out understanding that they will get so much food for so much work. If they don't work, they don't eat. We have cleanliness, cleanliness, meal time, according to their work, and if they go short one meal, experience teaches us they will do better next time.

"Man who don't like work soon clear out, but there have been very few of them. We have the Elevators going at present—Hanbury Street, Whitechapel, and Gold Square, Strand. By the way, when Old Street is finished, it will take London by storm. It will be the same as Hanbury Street, one of its kind, as well as food and shelter, in existence. There will be at least five hundred men engaged here, who will live, sleep, and work on the premises."

"What about your Prison Gate work?"

"I think the matter you have in hand for this Cry will be the best answer to that. 'The Bridge' has been a great success, and Rescue, and in doing a splendid work. I am now arranging for the opening of Bridge Houses in the necessities according to the requisitions we may get."

"We find many magistrates, governors, and chaplains are taking a practical interest in this branch of work, and as I went through two of our large jails, saw the only, the concession cells, the friends of the prisoners, and hundreds of men now incarcerated, my heart went up to God for power to work out the deliverance of these captives."

"Can you give us any information as to your Emigration Department?"

"Yes, we have settlers of some of our best people at our disposal from all parts of the world. We have also a great many people who have made application for land, and we are now arranging for information and guidance, which we gladly supply. It will be some time before our own emigrants are ready, as they will have to go through the Farm Colony first."

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"What about your Salvage Brigade?"

"Headquarters made an offer yesterday for a very large property, where we shall be able to employ four or five hundred men and women, and we have no doubt it will be secured.

Our Salvage Work will Begin."

"When will operations commence on the Farm Colony?"

"Well, I am sending twenty men next week, that is, carpenters, etc., to commence operations. We have an order for the making of a hundred beds for the purposes of the farm."

"You evidently believe literally that 'all things are possible to him that believeth,' Commissioner," we suggested smilingly.

"I know it," was the emphatic response.

"About the Match Factory I need ask you nothing as I see it is already a fortnight. This will be a Food Depot, Shelter and Elevator combined, and in a few weeks we hope to open a similar place at Bradford. At Bristol we have taken a very large building, the front portion of which is a public palace, opened this on Monday morning, the 11th inst., and continue the present business until necessary alterations and adaptations are made, which will be shortly. This will combine Food and Shelter, Metropole and Elevator."

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Rescue in the Rescued

INDIAN TIT-BITS.

Very Encouraging

Swami Pillai, the Rescued Sergeant goes to his work in Ceylon, you ashamed of being one of the rescued?

"THERE ARE FIVE TAMIL SOLDIERS among the 500,000 Tamils in the Division. Four in Kelani Valley, one in Colombo, and one in Jaffna. (These do not include the Tamil District corps.)

One hundred and sixty-one was the number of Tamil soldiers in the corps one Sunday. Of these, 40 are females, who regularly attend meetings.

Lieut. Jivi, a Singhalese, has come from the hills again. In the Kelani No. 1, on a recent Sunday night, he met as follows,—"Jesus is my Saviour for me. My heart is full of milk. I beautiful taved. Hallelujah! Jesus has proved Himself a wonderful Saviour."

"I have not met with any objection to my being married," said Lieut. Jivi, at a meeting a few days ago. "Yes," we said, "I've heard from one, and keep one only."

"Yes, I have," said the Lieut. "Two parents, and gave her Bible to support.

28 meetings held. 176 been saved, visiting 483 houses, and 120 of them in. 217 soldiers enrolled, 20 backsliders saved, in now such a bad record for District (six corps) during one month.

Adjt. Dev Kumar recently had a great time in the Kelani Valley. Little jungles, holding fifteen meetings, and in thirty new soldiers, declaring themselves, walking two hundred and walking sixty-five miles, riding and one hundred and sixty souls saved and lane encouraged in the bargain.

A Mahtadden Queen's palace has reclaimed in Bangalore. He found there, and the whole family (with exception) soldiers of the Chalk Farm corps. London.

A considerable Language Room is surrounded Headquarters. One very distinished member of the Staff is not well. Hindoo's are alone, Tamil, Gujarati on alternate days; while only speaks of five or six hours per day average. Great at a meeting.

There are 165 enrolled soldiers, eight are females—in the Dehra Dun corps. All just sworn-in.

The Chief Secretary some what recently figured in the Anti-Opium meeting. Well, he has all the other secondling one of the two resolutions passed during the evening. I hear, he was self-willed then. I am now in one way. It I feel a thing is right, and God wants it done, the devil himself can't stop me from doing it!

"For ten days I hardly ate or slept. Mather wanted to see me, and he said, 'No.' I knew what I wanted. I believe the hand of the Lord was in it all. I went home, turnerwood and the gulf in those ten days. When I was saved I knew I kept going to the meetings, and I asked either of everyone—all the old spiritual friends I could find, and I prayed every night. No good. If I had been saved at home, I might have been one of these wrecks of Christianity, which wanted to make me useful."

And at the end of the ten days, God conquered, and David Rees was saved at the penitent-form. Within forty-eight hours he was asked to go out as an officer. Over and over again he prayed over and over he relaxed. He had a comfortable home; he was useful in the corps; above all, his mother needed him, for the only other child she could depend on was very wild, and very much opposed to his brother's Army work. Well, David's orders at last were too plain to be disobeyed, and when the young man "gave up finally," the brother almost immediately got saved and took my place, both at home and as a soldier."

The road to the Field lay then through Devonshire House. During most of his stay there Major Rees was Cadet-Captain at Gordon Sevington, where he gained much experience and won many souls. His first regular station was Leeds II. Anyone stumbles saved here was a man well known as

"Drunken Tippet."

"Another man met us one Sunday morning on the march. I had a great way of dealing to wrong—I'll go along.

"Here you are, lads, come along this way!"

"I spoke to him, but he paid no attention. Another man was with him, and then turned around and had to come to the Hall. He got there and came out to the penitent-form while we were singing the first hymn."

Cattringham

was his next station. "I don't know that there's been much difference in the work any station," says the Major. "God has always seemed to do real, solid, soul-saving work in them."

The first convert here was an old lady of eighty-two years. To-day, four years later, she is still to the fore as a soldier. Found in the open-air, and walking a mile and a half to a two-day Bible class of women of more than eighty were active soldiers here.

At Afterlife Capt. Rees opened a new barracks. His first greeting was given by a brick on his head, flung by some man who had been an adviser of "the last Captain," and didn't wish to see a new one in the barracks he had worked so hard! His feeling was shared by some hundreds of roughs, who made it impossible to hold any meeting that night.

"Do you mean, lads?" was all Capt. Rees had to say, when the brick would let him speak, "then, if you don't like me, I'll give you have to drum me out of town."

On Sunday night he had a meeting with seven souls at the penitent-form, and for the "end-up" another brick was prevented him walking home. On Monday The General opened the barracks with very good order. The work since was all ungodly soldiers died. His death and "real Army fame!" did much good. Sixteen saved the year of the day he was buried, and the work went steadily on.

"If you go to Aberdeen," advises the Major, "ask for

The Rose-bushes.

NEW COMMISSIONER.

We all the following account of the life of Commissioner Rees from an old English Cry which appeared during the time he commanded the Southern Division. He then resided at Gravesend.

FROM THE CHURCH CLUB TO THE SALVATION ARMY — IN THE BOATHOUSE — STOKE NEWINGTON — "BRUNEMAN TIPPET" LEEDS II. — CATTRINGHAM AND TWO—DAY—AFTERCLIFFE'S BRASS-HEADED NAILS—SCARBOROUGH—WHAT ENEMIES SHOULD BE AGAINST—SHEFFIELD IV. — AN AWFUL CARD" — NOTTINGHAM—THE SUNNY SOUTH.

There's not much worthy of note in my life till I joined the Salvation Army. I'd put in a crowd.

Major Rees says it, and I suppose most Salvation officers feel it, if the life before is not worth living then it is not worth living now. Well, I suppose, if Salvation officers are females, who regularly attend meetings.

Visiting

has been my specialty. I have always felt I could do more good by that than by anything else. I have visited more than any other one person in the Salvation Army. When I was in the field I always reckoned to visit and pray with every soldier once a week; and since, I have reckoned to visit my officers as much as I did my soldiers. I believe in visiting—not in gossiping; in visiting—not in talking to real Three minutes is long enough to allow to a house, under ordinary circumstances. That gives you time to go in and say, "How are you? so if they're in any trouble, pray for them, and leave a cheerful word behind them, and to ask how they are getting on in their souls. The way they will answer that shows if they have any spiritual help. If not, just pray, and ask if they'll be at the meeting to-night. I've gone so far as to say to a man, "I'll

Scarborough

gave him six months' "blessed work," from January to June, when visitors are none, and the town has little to spend on anything. He says, "Then I visited everybody. I used to go with our chaps as they were going out, and pray with and cheer up the sick and troubled families. Times were hard, and they needed a lot of cheering. The Holiness work in the corps was greatly relaxed. He had a comfortable home; he was useful in the corps; above all, his mother needed him, for the only other child she could depend on was very wild, and very much opposed to his brother's Army work. Well, David's orders at last were too plain to be disobeyed, and when the young man "gave up finally," the brother almost immediately got saved and took my place, both at home and as a soldier."

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was his next station. "I don't know that there's been much difference in the work any station," says the Major. "God has always seemed to do real, solid, soul-saving work in them."

The first convert here was an old lady of eighty-two years. To-day, four years later, she is still to the fore as a soldier. Found in the open-air, and walking a mile and a half to a two-day Bible class of women of more than eighty were active soldiers here.

At Afterlife Capt. Rees opened a new barracks. His first greeting was given by a brick on his head, flung by some man who had been an adviser of "the last Captain," and didn't wish to see a new one in the barracks he had worked so hard! His feeling was shared by some hundreds of roughs, who made it impossible to hold any meeting that night.

"Do you mean, lads?" was all Capt. Rees had to say, when the brick would let him speak, "then, if you don't like me, I'll give you have to drum me out of town."

On Sunday night he had a meeting with seven souls at the penitent-form, and for the "end-up" another brick was prevented him walking home. On Monday The General opened the barracks with very good order. The work since was all ungodly soldiers died. His death and "real Army fame!" did much good. Sixteen saved the year of the day he was buried, and the work went steadily on.

"If you go to Aberdeen," advises the Major, "ask for

The Rose-bushes.

Cricket Club Meeting

on hand Thursday night. He says, "I was in a wonderful hurry to get up to the boat-house and see what was going on. I got our meeting closed as quick as I could, and I'm sure I was quite ready to go out of our gang but were saved within the next fortnight. Several of them are officers in the Salvation Army to-day, most of the rest are soldiers. The Spirit of God took hold of me that night, but I wouldn't let go of the penitent-form. I was self-willed then. I am now in one way. If I feel a thing is right, and God wants it done, the devil himself can't stop me from doing it!

"For ten days I hardly ate or slept. Mather wanted to see me, and he said, 'No.' I knew what I wanted. I believe the hand of the Lord was in it all. I went home, turnerwood and the gulf in those ten days. When I was saved I knew I kept going to the meetings, and I asked either of everyone—all the old spiritual friends I could find, and I prayed every night. No good. If I had been saved at home, I might have been one of these wrecks of Christianity, which wanted to make me useful."

And at the end of the ten days, God conquered, and David Rees was saved at the penitent-form. Within forty-eight hours he was asked to go out as an officer. Over and over again he prayed over and over he relaxed. He had a comfortable home; he was useful in the corps; above all, his mother needed him, for the only other child she could depend on was very wild, and very much opposed to his brother's Army work. Well, David's orders at last were too plain to be disobeyed, and when the young man "gave up finally," the brother almost immediately got saved and took my place, both at home and as a soldier."

The road to the Field lay then through Devonshire House. During most of his stay there Major Rees was Cadet-Captain at Gordon Sevington, where he gained much experience and won many souls. His first regular station was Leeds II. Anyone stumbles saved here was a man well known as

"Drunken Tippet."

"Another man met us one Sunday morning on the march. I had a great way of dealing to wrong—I'll go along.

"Here you are, lads, come along this way!"

"I felt I was going where (God wanted me, and I made up my mind to be used of Him in helping the officers. I took them just as they came, and I never had a worse or better

Sheffield IV.

The new officers here had seventy-eight souls the first three days, and Christmas week Capt. Rees had several holiness meetings, which were wonderfully blessed to the soldiers. He says, "I believe in the soldiers are blessed they will bless other people, a glorious outpouring of God's spirit convicting and converting sinners was the result.

Just before this, the wife of one of the sergeants, prayed for the seventy souls, yielded at last. Over seventy and eighty were at the penitent form. For weeks they never saw less than thirty or forty. Among them were all sorts of remarkable cases. One is described as "Such a awful card!" She was a woman, who, as the corps went singing and playing down the street on Christmas Eve, ran, in a fearful state of intoxication, out of a public-house and hung on the Captain's arm. She was mad with drink. He sent two sisters to take her home, and she kicked and swore. "She wasn't a soldier yet, but I believed she would be." Another sister lent her some clothes to attend meetings, and she got thoroughly saved. She used to say in testifying,

"I'm so occasion to tell you what I was like before I was saved. You all know that, don't you? And now, thank God, you can see the blessed change." Then

"Here was married," says Major Rees, "Anything interesting about the wedding? Very, very. There were five souls out for bellman an' salvation that day. The Derby Division had just been annexed to Yorkshire, and I was sent from Sheffield to take charge of it. I loved the field, but

Nottingham

Full II.

showed him a very intelligent and respectable corps with "the editors of newspapers, and that among the soldiers," and a barracks in a good way. He was "proved to reach the lowest," but he spent "a blessed seven months" there before finishing his career as a field-officer at

Sheffield IV.

System

The officer who told you it took her an hour or two to carry out her report and took after books knew it was unnecessary. On the other hand, the man who said, "No Army officer, who does his duty by his people, can have an hour a day to himself for Bible and prayer,' knew it was not true. If people who make a home time of day I would be out as well as if I were the letter-carrier! You save time by mapping out your town. Have a book of visiting in their order—a leaf to each street and the soldiers' names on each leaf."

After fourteen months over the Derby District, Major Rees took charge of the Southern Division. He reports—

"God is wonderfully working. Souls are being saved all over. In Portsmouth a few days ago, I had seventeen souls out in the Sunday night meeting, and five on Monday night. I love the division. If I consulted my own feelings, hurt me very much to leave it. I love it, but I think God my feelings are brought into subjection, and I can put them entirely on one side for His work."

In September, '86, Major Rees took charge of the Manchester and Liverpool Division, where he had great success. In the Division, there were about 150 officers and 60 stations. He was promoted to the rank of Colonel. He was then appointed to the London and Central Division, a very important command, where he stayed for a year, but had to resign on account of sickness. Over a year ago, he was appointed to the command of Scotland, where he had great success. A month ago, he was appointed Field Secretary for Great Britain and Ireland, an appointment which he has been very busily coming over to command the Canadian forces as its Commissioner.

A LETTER FROM CHARLOTTETOWN.

DEAR WAR CRY,—I generally write about something to you, which I have seen with my eyes, or heard with my ears, concerning the S. A. war in Charlottetown. Now, however, it is different, and I can only write to you of what is reported to me.

During the past four weeks, I have been day and night nursing a dear niece 15 years of age.

WHO IS SERIOUSLY ILL,

and therefore I am entirely debarred from the great privilege of attending any Army meetings. However, it is all right, I am doing and bearing the will of my Lord, I shall not present to me meet my reward." The Lord keeps me by His Almighty power blessedly saved and more than ever deeply interested in the great organization to which I belong. I pray for Christ's sake then over in the prosperity of our corps, and I lose no time in letting you know that, on a recent Sunday, in the night meeting,

FIVE YOUNG MEN VOLUNTEERED

out to the penitent-form, there to seek pardon for the past, and surrendering themselves to the service of God, and the salvation of souls. I feel encouraged to use the opportunity of the Lord.

We have lately had a very nice addition to our corps in Capt. Lely, a special friend of mine, who had been greatly benefitted and blessed in the Army meetings, though she could not be a soldier yet.

CAPT. LELY AND HER LOT WITH US,

and has become a soldier.

For my own part, I greatly need the prayers of all my comrades while passing through a sore trial of faith. If, as I have heard it said, tribulation is one trial on top of another, then I am passing through a tribulation, I know not what to call it. How comforting it is to know, that those who now stand before the Throne are those "which came out of great tribulation." They now read the mystery aright in the full sunshine of His love.

"Blind unbelief is sent to blind the poor,
And seen His work in vain,
God is His own Interpreter,
And He will make it plain."

In full belief of this, yours to do or suffer. MARY E. ELLIS.

ing to find enjoyment on the old homestead, etc., but my mind was unsettled, and in a few months I was off again. This time I shipped to Swansea, Wales.

We were not at sea very many days before I found out I had struck, for captain and first mate, two tyrants. It was a very miserable trip to most of the crew, the weather was very bad. We were beaten with heavy sticks until we were unable to attend to our duties. Weather at last reached port. Four of us ran away. We were caught by the authorities and sold back to our captain for two pounds. We were handcuffed and marched through the streets from the jail to the ship with our mattresses tied on our backs. We were placed in the hold of the ship and were almost suffocated with gas and steam. After being at sea about two days we were released. The rest of that trip to the Mediterranean, and from thence to Russia we were barbarously treated, and at the end received no pay.

I was sailsick to let my folks know my circumstances. I had no money, and as soon as possible with another ship for a prolonged sea journey. We started for France, thence to Wales and the Mediterranean, and then to Leith, Scotland. This trip was harder for usage, but I had got so that I was never contented with my lot, so I ran away

AND KEPT UNDER COVER

at the boarding house, while my boarding master sought another victim. I shipped on a Greek ship, and in a day or so I was off for Sicily, as island belonging to Italy, close by the coast. Drinking and gambling was as much engaged in on these trips as ever before.

I remember on one occasion my whiskey ran out, and I could not get any, and for a few days, when I longed for a drop, I tried to connect myself with putting the empty bottle to my nose, having a good smell. We shipped for Greece, and thence to Constantinople. I left the ship and went in for a high old time with sailors of every nationality. After a rough time, I shipped on a tramp boat bound for Antwerp, Belgium; thence to North Shields, Eng.; thence to the Baltic Sea, and back to England.

After a short stay, seeking enjoyment, I shipped on a merchant ship to Java, and returned to Greenock, Scotland, at which place I resolved to settle down, only making one trip in three years, and that to Java. I have reason never to forget that trip. All went well for a while, until the crew began to drink heavier than usual, and were soon

IN A SAVAGE, FIGHTING CONDITION.

We fought first among ourselves, then with the officers of the ship, which of course caused a regular mutiny. We refused to do orders and attend to duties. On one occasion, when about to strike one of the officers, I was failed to the deck with an iron round block, with which I was struck across the eye. I was sense less for some time. Things quieted down after that, but the return trip I was again assaulted with a block, which struck me about a half inch below where the first did. I bear the two scars to this day.

Immediately on my arrival at Greenock I arranged to sail to California. The passage was very rough and

LASTED 144 DAYS.

We landed at San Diego about the time the gold fever broke out. We were then off to the Puget Sound and Washington Territory, all the time drinking, fighting and revelling. I soon had enough of the Yankees, and sailed for Nanaimo, B. C. I liked Canada, so quit the sea, my mind being made up to compass land, for plain sure and sport, as I never found a lasting satisfaction when on the water. I visited about twenty different countries, and enjoyed the company of as many different nationalities. I was at work in the coal mines. I drank as usual, and although not being a very large place, I was soon known as a hard drunken Scotty, as I could be seen, when not working, rambling down the street, staggering, and people making way for me. I would never think of going to church, as I had only attended one in Glasgow during all my time at sea. Shortly after my arrival at Nanaimo, I

SAW THE SALVATION ARMY.

I had seen and heard them before in different parts of Scotland and England, though I never attended one of their meetings. At this time a chum of mine began to go to the Army, and coaxed me to go along just for fun. I never forget how I laughed to see girls in charge of a meeting. I thought, after all, I had struck a place where a fellow could have a good time, so I went again and again, and finally became a regular attendant. I used to like them, and help them all I could financially, but when drunk I used to like to have things a little my own way, and so begin to disturb the meeting. One night, after a whole day's spree, I entered the barracks, when someone said,

"NOW THERE'LL BE SOME FUN,

here comes Drunken Scotty." So I began to find fault with everybody and everything, thinking everybody else was drunk but myself. I so disturbed the meeting, that I was arrested, and in the morning I was found guilty of disturbing religious services, and bound over to keep the peace for six months, or forfeit thirty dollars. I made up my mind I would never come to a Salvation Army meeting again as long as I lived, and to keep my word. I determined again to go to sea. So I left mining and went on a pilot boat, and stayed a year. I went west near a Salvationist, but though I have seen years of sin and wretchedness and dissatisfaction before, this was in reality

THE MOST MISERABLE

year I ever experienced. I was convicted, and tried to drown my convictions by drinking harder and harder, still I found no peace.

One Sunday morning the wind was blowing very hard, so we had to go ashore. We had a regular bender, and then I went for some drink, though I fully intended to keep sober. I was soon drunk, and while in this condition I went to the S.A. meeting. I sat very quiet, but I was so full, I could not remember what was being said. Still, I felt something telling me I would get right. I came again in the afternoon, and was not out. I then drank all day and all night, and in the morning I was most miserable, and more than ever convicted. I felt that the time had come when I had to yield to the convicting power of the Spirit. So I waited patiently all day for the night's meeting, but to my sorrow, it was a special soldiers' meeting, and

HUNG AROUND THE BARRACKS' DOOR

towards evening, waiting for some of the soldiers or officers to talk to me. When the time came for the meeting to begin, I spoke to a soldier and told him just how I felt, but he knew "Drunken Scotty" and refused to have any faith in me, and gave me an encouraging answer. I wanted him to take me in, but he refused, so I asked him to let me stay in the barracks, and when she—Capt. Aitenhead—came out and looked at me, she turned to one of the soldiers and said, "Has intoxicated," to which I said "Yes," and tears began to flow down my cheeks. She asked me if I was willing to get saved, and I said "Yes," for I was admitted, and as soon as I got in, my knees began to tremble. So I got down, and the first time in my life

I CRIED FOR MERCY.

I was so broken up I could not realise what was taking place, but I soon sobered up. I pleaded for pardon, and soon found Jesus, whom I had heard so much about. I went home hardly realising it, but in the morning I experienced the new birth. It seemed the whole place was proud at Drunken Scotty's conversion, because a soldier, and draw ninety dollars which I had saved, and paid all my whiskey bills. I soon began to sell War Cries, and the people would buy them for the novelty of the thing. After eight months' soldiership, I distinctly heard God's call for the field, so I soon volunteered, was accepted, and came to the Yorkville T. H., then to the Temple Garrison, and an open door in London, Ont., fully assured God's grace will be sufficient in this great warfare. Amen.

Under Canvas in Toronto.

CAMP GROUNDS, RIVERSIDE CORPS.

DEAR EDITOR,—I suppose that I put a little bit left in my calculation re WAR CRY Competition. However, we are not going to be disappointed by one failure, and our friends at Lippincott will have to move if they keep the advantage they have secured.

God is still helping us in a wonderful manner, and

THE TIDE OF VICTORY

that has been running strong in our favour still continues to flow in the same direction.

Our tent, which we have secured for the summer, is the interesting feature just now.

Our meetings have not yet passed beyond the experimental stage, but we trust that this new departure will enable us to hold our ground, and, to some measure during the summer months, and that our efforts will be rewarded by seeing the lost saved. They are coming, bless His Name, and not a week has yet passed by this year without some seeking Christ.

Death has invaded our ranks, and Brother Robinson

HAS RECEIVED THE SUMMONS

to come up higher. Years of patient suffering have, by this time, been rewarded by the joy of being with Jesus and seeing Him as He is. We have held his memorial service and his dear wife and son came to the Saviour during the meeting.

Brigadier Margetts spent Sunday with us. Perhaps he will tell you about it himself. The Juniors war, I believe, is making favorable progress. Four children now use the barracks for a Juniors' department, and the band also practice in the same place.

Next Sunday, we commemorate the eighth anniversary of the Army's entry into Riverside. Who will try to sum up the amount of good that has been accomplished in that time?

WHAT A LONG RECORD

it would make. The souls that have been saved, the wounded hearts that have been bound up, the number that have been cheered and helped, all these would have to be added and again I say, what a long record it would make.

It shall not end with our Eighth Anniversary either, for we are determined to work on till the lost, dying souls are brought to the feet of the Redeemer. Good-bye. God bless you. Yours and His, GNROW.

War Notes.

BY WAR SURIER.

The Big Meetings.

More about them next week.

Commissioner and Mrs. Adams' little baby boy has gone to heaven.

Commissioner Adams has farewelled.

Commissioner Rees has been welcomed.

Look at their photos in this issue.

Colonel Pollard's career appears in this Cry.

Read the account of "Paul, the Russian," on page 8.

Don't fail to note the first and succeeding chapters of "Holy Ann," as appearing in future issues.

Adjts. Leonard and Walder, and Capt. Coombs brought the S.A. deputation to wait upon Sir John A. Macdonald in connection with the Prohibition Petitions.

The following we clip from the Ottawa Journal's recent interview:—

"ONE OF THE BIGGEST DEVILS.—Adjt. Walder put in a powerful plea on behalf of the poorer classes of the community, amongst whom the Salvation Army do their work, pointing out that nearly all the misery with which they came in contact was the direct result of strong drink, or, as he characteristically said, "Drink is one of the biggest devils we have to fight." His address, while very modestly delivered, was not surpassed by any in eloquence or force."

Capt. Cardiff has been very sick. Pray for his restoration.

D.O. and Mrs. McIntyre rejoice over the arrival of a little lass.

A dear old gray-headed man got saved in an open-air ring in B. recently.

At a "Pound" meeting recently held in the Temple, Toronto, a bag of potatoes, a frosted cake ornamented with 5 cent pieces, three pounds of coppers, and one pound of 5 cent pieces were among the good things the soldiers and friends brought.

It will be following from the *Dufferin Post*, a paper published in Orangeville:—

"The Salvation Army is having a grand old time in the Forks. There is a large crowd every night they preach. Next Sunday they intend having a big time. They are to have a big drum by that time, and are going to turn the old Kick out of this place. They have quite a few converts now. I think by the way the Captain swings his arms around he would not be afraid to face John L. for a round. He makes the boys keep good order."

It is a fool's prayer, when a man on a sick bed says, "Lord, spare me, and I will serve Thee." The devil is able to play his game well, but you are not able to play with him without loss.

Two drunkards knelt at the drum head in an open-air ring at Hamilton.

The Editor wants Nos. 209 to 260, inclusive, of the WAR CRY. Who'll send them back?

He would also be pleased if some friend would send him No. 736 of the English "Cry."

I believe there are to be big Camp Meetings in the Exhibition Grounds, at Peterboro, led by D. O. and Mrs. Rosser, from June 15th to 21st. It will be a big time.

Camp Meetings are also to be held at Corbet's Point, from June 27th to July 5th.

A most successful Three Days' Campaign has been held at London, Ont. Read the account of it in this issue.

Lots of stirring news in next week's WAR CRY.

CLEAR SPECTACLES.

A sister at B——, for some time after her conversion, would stand at her door on Sunday evenings, when the people passed on their way to the barracks, and read tales from the newspaper. However, one night while thus engaged, the Spirit spoke to her all confused, as if upside down. She then rubbed her eyes, but this failing, she went inside and pulled down the Bible and commenced to read a chapter, and she did so quite easily. Being anxious to resume her story, she closed the Bible and returned it to the shelf, and proceeded to the door with the newspaper, satisfied that the cause of her difficulty had disappeared, but to her amazement the print seemed all confused, and then she felt she was doing wrong, and went in and read a chapter and thanked God for the way He had spoken to her.

A Soul Story of the Open Air.

COLONEL POLLARD

HIS CAREER.

[As Colonel Pollard is now in an active on important Army business, we feel that our readers will be interested in pursuing his picture and a short sketch of his career.—Ed.]

Colonel Pollard's birth occurred in Ireland, and at that very tender age. His first religious impressions were the result of the kind advice of a Sunday school teacher; but his ardent temperament soon proved too powerful to be good could not stand against the subtle delights of sport, or novelty, and he was well in the next of sinning when brought to face the opening his meeting in Peckham.

He was in all round after soldiering and at one of Mr. Bramwell's Sunday chapel holiness meetings, he consecrated himself to God for service. On the 19th September, 1881, he entered the Training Home as a Cadet. His British stations include Portadown (Ireland), Hull, Bradford and Manchester, then after leading the Congress Hall a few weeks he took up the colours of the first New Zealand contingent of officers he removed and dedicated to God in that, to him, unknown land. It need not recapitulate the story of the tories of the famous "Boanerges" of the Maoriland. Starting on April 1st, in Dunedin, the work rolled on at a rapid rate, until he left for Sydney, after three two years and six months fighting for every town of any size in the country had been attacked, and a wonderfully strong fighting force of soldiers had been built up.

While in New Zealand he was promoted to the rank of Major, and soon after was commissioned in England to come to his side as perpetual A.D.C.

Major and Mrs. Pollard were appointed to the charge of New South Wales in the old Sydney barracks on November 11, 1885.

His success in the mother colony was such that when, after two years' fighting there, he was called to Headquarters, and appointed Chief Secretary, he left behind the work in the colony of New South Wales had grown to such proportions that it was found necessary to immediately divide it into three separate divisions instead of one.

In his capacity of Chief Secretary he has frequently visited all the colonies, he represented the Commissioner at the London Headquarters, and was regular in his interval from the departure of Commissioner Howard and the arrival of Commissioner Coombs, besides doing an immense amount of work in connection with the Army's Prohibition Petitions.

But God has been with him in all his undertakings, and he goes to his new appointment with the confidence and love of the General and the Commissioner under whom he has served, and the unbounded love and confidence of Australian Salvationists everywhere.

He now acts as Secretary for International affairs under Mr. Bramwell Booth, Chief of the Staff, London, Eng., and is now in the Dominion on important business.

MRS. POLLARD.

We take the following interesting story from Commissioner Hallington Booth's new book, "From Ocean to Ocean." It will, we are sure, appeal strongly to many sinners, and will encourage many of our officers who does not see as much visible result of his work as he would like:

"Pained from my childhood to regard God and the church with reverence, yet the Christian life was not presented to my mind as the most beautiful and indispensable thing in the world, and church service and attendance were irksome.

I drifted away from girlhood to womanhood, no defined figure unfolded itself to me, and my vague restless nature felt somehow the lack of the necessary elements to give my life form and shape.

"Living among and associating with a circle of people who were particularly formal and orthodox, I soon learned to repress everything unconventional, and speedily became well-bred and indifferent about anything which was at all uncommon or singular. I went to church because everybody went to church, and the same principle guided me in other details of life.

"As the close of a hard winter of study, I went to some friends in a little country town to regain energy and strength. And while thus pausing, like a boat that drops anchor for a moment in the midst of the current which is bearing it onward, I met the Salvation Army. I knew nothing of the work of the Army, and, if I had, it might not have specially interested me; for in my mind the fallen were only necessary evils, tolerated because they were to be tolerated, and I put them out of sight, until we had left, after three two years and six months fighting for every town of any size in the country had been attacked, and a wonderfully strong fighting force of soldiers had been built up.

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MRS. POLLARD.

aside, that I indignantly repelled the idea of any needs and feelings in common with them.

"Not long afterwards, well fortified by a number of conservative, reputable friends, I attended my first meeting in a Salvation Army barracks. It was a fine-skinned hall and was over-filled with a perfect medley of people, representing almost every grade in the social scale. The friend pointed out the most notorious individuals who had been reformed by the Army. During the service, and while the testimonies were being given, an old man arose whose peculiarly bright face attracted my attention. I turned to my friend and said, "That individual, at any rate, has never been a bad man. You can tell by his face! She smiled and said, 'Why!'

Don't You Remember Old Andy?

Suddenly the remembrance of a miserable, besotted drunkard, from whom we when children used to run, and who was the bogey of our childhood's nightmares and the pest of the town, dawned upon my mind.

"I noticed very little more in that meeting. My mind seemed incapable of grasping the change wrought in that man. I was threaded our way along the streets homeward, beneath the tide of talk and exchange of opinion, in an undercurrent of wonder and bewilderment at the remarkable change in that man's life, which seemed to me to be a fact of great importance in the world, and church service and attendance were irksome.

"I tried from girlhood to womanhood, no defined figure unfolded itself to me, and my vague restless nature felt somehow the lack of the necessary elements to give my life form and shape.

"Living among and associating with a circle of people who were particularly formal and orthodox, I soon learned to repress everything unconventional, and speedily became well-bred and indifferent about anything which was at all uncommon or singular. I went to church because everybody went to church, and the same principle guided me in other details of life.

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MRS. POLLARD.

Knelt Upon the Ground

to pray, and I thought some friend ought at once to warn her of the carelessness and indiscretion of such a proceeding. What, she might catch her death of cold! I thought she could not surely have meant to kneel down upon the wet ground, so soon after a heavy rain, and I felt she must have forgotten her surroundings in her earnestness.

"On reaching home I felt I had committed a serious breach of propriety in allowing myself to stand with such a crowd and listen to people who I thought were there only to meet the needs of the low and degraded. But I felt I was conscious of a guilty secret longing to hear her again, and wondered if other respectable people who had heard them had a similar temptation.

"The fact that what they said fitted me as well as any rough, unkempt crowd around them, gave me

An Unpleasant Sense

of humiliation. I had all through life felt myself above such people, and had so often contemptuously drawn my dress aside, that I could hardly realise that I was one of them.

"Not long afterwards, well fortified by a number of conservative, reputable friends, I attended my first meeting in a Salvation Army barracks. It was a fine-skinned hall and was over-filled with a perfect medley of people, representing almost every grade in the social scale. The friend pointed out the most notorious individuals who had been reformed by the Army. During the service, and while the testimonies were being given, an old man arose whose peculiarly bright face attracted my attention. I turned to my friend and said, "That individual, at any rate, has never been a bad man. You can tell by his face! She smiled and said, 'Why!'

Don't You Remember Old Andy?

Suddenly the remembrance of a miserable, besotted drunkard, from whom we when children used to run, and who was the bogey of our childhood's nightmares and the pest of the town, dawned upon my mind.

"I noticed very little more in that meeting. My mind seemed incapable of grasping the change wrought in that man. I was threaded our way along the streets homeward, beneath the tide of talk and exchange of opinion, in an undercurrent of wonder and bewilderment at the remarkable change in that man's life, which seemed to me to be a fact of great importance in the world, and church service and attendance were irksome.

"I tried from girlhood to womanhood, no defined figure unfolded itself to me, and my vague restless nature felt somehow the lack of the necessary elements to give my life form and shape.

"Living among and associating with a circle of people who were particularly formal and orthodox, I soon learned to repress everything unconventional, and speedily became well-bred and indifferent about anything which was at all uncommon or singular. I went to church because everybody went to church, and the same principle guided me in other details of life.

"As the close of a hard winter of study, I went to some friends in a little country town to regain energy and strength. And while thus pausing, like a boat that drops anchor for a moment in the midst of the current which is bearing it onward, I met the Salvation Army. I knew nothing of the work of the Army, and, if I had, it might not have specially interested me; for in my mind the fallen were only necessary evils, tolerated because they were to be tolerated, and I put them out of sight, until we had left, after three two years and six months fighting for every town of any size in the country had been attacked, and a wonderfully strong fighting force of soldiers had been built up.

"While in New Zealand he was promoted to the rank of Major, and soon after was commissioned in England to come to his side as perpetual A.D.C.

Major and Mrs. Pollard were appointed to the charge of New South Wales in the old Sydney barracks on November 11, 1885.

His success in the mother colony was such that when, after two years' fighting there, he was called to Headquarters, and appointed Chief Secretary, by the time the work in the colony of New South Wales had grown to such proportions that it was found necessary to immediately divide it into three separate divisions instead of one.

In his capacity of Chief Secretary he has frequently visited all the colonies, he represented the Commissioner at the London Headquarters, and was regular in his interval from the departure of Commissioner Howard and the arrival of Commissioner Coombs, besides doing an immense amount of work in connection with the Army's Prohibition Petitions.

But God has been with him in all his undertakings, and he goes to his new appointment with the confidence and love of the General and the Commissioner under whom he has served, and the unbounded love and confidence of Australian Salvationists everywhere.

He now acts as Secretary for International affairs under Mr. Bramwell Booth, Chief of the Staff, London, Eng., and is now in the Dominion on important business.

MRS. POLLARD.

A Soul Story of the Open Air.

COLONEL POLLARD

HIS CAREER.

[As Colonel Pollard is now in an active on important Army business, we feel that our readers will be interested in pursuing his picture and a short sketch of his career.—Ed.]

Colonel Pollard's birth occurred in Ireland, and at that very tender age. His first religious impressions were the result of the kind advice of a Sunday school teacher; but his ardent temperament soon proved too powerful to be good could not stand against the subtle delights of sport, or novelty, and he was well in the next of sinning when brought to face the opening his meeting in Peckham.

He was in all round after soldiering and at one of Mr. Bramwell's Sunday chapel holiness meetings, he consecrated himself to God for service. On the 19th September, 1881, he entered the Training Home as a Cadet. His British stations include Portadown (Ireland), Hull, Bradford and Manchester, then after leading the Congress Hall a few weeks he took up the colours of the first New Zealand contingent of officers he removed and dedicated to God in that, to him, unknown land. It need not recapitulate the story of the tories of the famous "Boanerges" of the Maoriland. Starting on April 1st, in Dunedin, the work rolled on at a rapid rate, until he left for Sydney, after three two years and six months fighting for every town of any size in the country had been attacked, and a wonderfully strong fighting force of soldiers had been built up.

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MRS. POLLARD.

I could think, was now more useful and of more value in the world. "This will not do," I thought. Feeling that I had compared to read my Bible regularly, and strove to pray morning and night.

"As often as I could persuade some person to accompany me, I attended the Army meetings, but these again only deepened the strong unease which I felt in my soul. Sitting I carried—the two most wretched and restless weeks of my life. Oh, the inexpressible relief of coming to the end of

"Beneath the Shadow of the Great Rock."

It is possible for a professing Christian to read the Bible until whole chapters are stamped upon his memory, to pray often, fast the hour, suffer persecution for the Truth's sake, toil in soul saving meetings until his physical powers have bent down under the strain, have the theory of heaven so well mapped out in his mind as to conduct hollness meetings and lead other Christians into the experience, and yet in all this Christlike work not serve God. The true followers of the Lord Jesus will do these things, and if he leaves them undone will become a dry branch and be cast aside, yet unless he does it can do them all and not serve God. This is a startling fact. The motive, we are told, qualifies the deed.

We know a young Christian who was the very embodiment of zeal. For several years he led revival services and preached the truth as laid down in the Bible—straight. He never shrank from standing on street corners and holding up Christ to the perishing. Would help the poor, submit to insults in the Master's service, was imprisoned several times, led many hollness meetings, and he overwork broke down his health. To all appearances he was a model worth of imitation; but alas! one thing spoiled everything else—self. He was vain and full of conceit. All of his good works and apparent zeal for God appeared to spring from this root. Occasionally he would assume the role of meekness, but even this beautiful virtue was borrowed and worn as a cloak to hide "the terrible I." Preaching was his chosen field of labor, and being ambitious to be a man of importance and rise to prominence, he used the Lord's work as a means towards that end. Zeal, faithfulness, courage, loyalty, humility were simply stepping stones to help himself along to power and honor.

A professing Christian, or a Salvationist for that matter, of this stamp, might pass through life bearing a grand character and be looked up to by all (who did not know them too intimately) as patterns of piety and devotion. If they should die, crowds of people would gather to pay their last tribute to the dead, and perhaps some as they gazed upon the rigid features, would say the Scriptural grand reward which they think must follow such a work spans life—when alas, it was a sad fact that life had been wasted by serving self in the name of the Lord. "Other foundation can no man lay than that is laid, which is Christ Jesus. Now if any man build upon this foundation gold, silver, precious stones, wood, hay, stubble: Every man's work shall be made manifest: for the day shall declare it, because it shall be revealed by fire; and the fire shall try every man's work of what sort it is."—1 Cor. iii: 11-13.

Beneath the shadow of the great I. We wonder how many of our readers are sitting there! They may occasionally sing, "I love to dwell in peace in heavy sing, "Sweet this the land of Beulah!" But we will state that it is not the land of Beulah by any means—for the climate is too cold. The Sun of Righteousness never rises with healing in His wings upon its dreary landscape. The fog-bank lies in the way, and as the poor professor has his back turned to the Sun—his experience is a discouraging, chilly, half-frozen-out scene of misery. Instead of enjoying religion he simply endures it. He reads the Bible, but it is as a book he has conquered to what is to Holy Ghost Christians. If he looks about him, dry dead trees, a sterile soil, and sour apples, must his game. If he would consecrate his all to God, choose a life of self-sacrifice, and let self be crucified with Christ, he would quickly find himself in the land of Beulah. He would walk in the way of hollness then. Service would be a joy, the smile of God would illuminate his soul, and a blessed sunshine of heaven be all around him.

There is a wide difference between sanctified and unsanctified Christians, one wears the palm of victory and—self being dead—walks on the wings of faith of the great I, but the other sits under the chill shadow of the old man. The roots of sin, or the carnal nature, still remain in his heart and lead to conflicts within, which add fuel to fightings without, gives him a double heart, it is wage, his mind is too much, and compels him oftentimes to cry lament his lost lot. Complete victory will never be gotten save by an absolute surrender to God for time and eternity. This denotes the Blood of the Lord Jesus—in answer to faith—will cleanse from ALL sin, and He will prove His power to save to the uttermost. The Holy Ghost will come into and possess His holy temple, the body, and make His presence felt by the delights of Perfect Love. The condition of service will be changed, and instead of self trying to use God to carry out its plans and purposes of the Great I, it will be out of the way, and the cause be clear for God to work out His own glorious purposes in such manner as will bring the most glory to Himself. Such a soul is dead to the world—slain by Love. What a glorious death! To such happy souls, initiated into the secret of the Lord (I Cor. ii: 9—10) by the spiritual baptism of the Holy Ghost, and fire which only Christ can give (Matt. iii: 11), the heaven-lit by Bridegroom says in the mystic language of Love, "Rise up my love, my fair one, and come away. For, lo, the winter is past, the rain is over and gone; the flowers appear on the earth, the time of the singing of birds is come, and the voice of the turtle is heard in our land; the fig tree putteth forth her green figs, and the vines with the tender grape give a good smell. Arise, my love, my fair one, and come away."—Canticles ii: 10—13.—M.

SANCTIFICATION.

The Conditions (Consecration.)

1. What is the third condition?

The *actual present surrender* to God of the whole man and all we possess.

2. Will you explain this more particularly?

Yes, gladly, as there are *more serious mistakes made on this point than on any other in practical religion.*

3. In order to show you what true Consecration is, please describe to me that conduct of Adam which has unfortunately made it necessary.

Adam formed a life of entire and constant service of God, and was *independent* of Him. He ceased to be a *servant of God* to man, and went, so to say, into business on *his own account, as his own master.* He gave up living *to please God*, and started to live *to please himself.*

4. What conduct, then, is necessary in order that Adam's successor, who is on the same lines as he was, may get back again to the same place in the condition and favour of God that Adam occupied?

He must give up being his *own master* and living to please and profit *himself*, and go back to God with *all he possesses*, and so little, and lay *himself* at Jehovah's feet, and offer to live *wholly* to please and profit Him.

5. What is the great mistake made with regard to Consecration?

It is not a reality with many. They pretend to give God their *all*—their children, money, and possessions; their time and reputation; but it is only *in imagination, in sentiment.* It is not real. *God and His cause are no better off after* it than they were *before*; and the next day these people, who said at the altar the previous night that they *care all they had to God*, go about acting on the principle that all they have is their *own*, to be spent for their own pleasure, and their own profit, *just as they did before.*

6. Can you illustrate the kind of Consecration God wants?

A long time back, in this country, there was a war between the King and the parliament, and the greater part of the people took the side of the parliament, and the king was driven from his throne. It was then no uncommon thing for a nobleman or a person to come in to the king, and say, "I am sorry that your majesty and your majesty should be driven from your throne, and be suffering all this indignity and disgrace, and I'll do all I can to help your majesty to get your rights again." He would talk with my sons and my servants, to place them at your disposal, and I'll put at your disposal I have also mortgaged my estate, and put my plate, and brought the proceeds to help your majesty and the cause of God, choosing that was a *real consecration to God*, *things; it was the laying of life and substance at the feet of God.*

Now, that is just the kind of consecration that God wants—only, one that goes from His throne in the heart. He has been driven out of His throne in the heart of man everywhere; His name is cast out as evil, and men continually refuse to have Him to reign over them. He is seeking for those who to secure the kingdom for His Father, and appeals for true-hearted soldiers who will help Him to succeed in this great undertaking, and He wants you to come into the battle with the *same spirit* that those men did old to their earthly king when he was in these desperate straits—to come, saying, "Take my goods, my influence, my reputation, my family, aye, my life, I will have no separate interests; use all I have and am to promote the war, so that my King shall have His own, and His throne shall be established." That is consecration in reality, and *that only.* This is what Jesus Christ taught, when He said "Seek first the kingdom of God." This is what Jesus Christ exemplified in His life and death. This is what Paul and the first Apostles did; and, if you are to be a thorough Christian, you must be consecrated in the same way.

7. Then a true Consecration has in it the nature of a Sacrifice?

Decidedly so. It is a *real sacrifice.* It is the presentation or giving away of all we have to God; a ceasing any longer to own anything; and we have hitherto called our own, but all going over into God's hands for Him to order and arrange, and our taking simply the place of servants, to receive back again just what He chooses. This, it will be perceived, if a reality, is a great sacrifice. It can only be done in the might of the Holy Ghost; but, when it is done, when all is laid on the altar—body, soul, spirit, goods, reputation, all, all, all, then the fire descends, and burns up all the dross and deflilement, and fills the soul with burning zeal and love and power.

"Wherefore seeing we also are compassed about with so great a cloud of witnesses, let us lay aside every weight, and the sin which doth so easily beset us, and run with patience the race that is set before us."—Hebrews xii. 1.

6. Is not true Consecration something in common with Crucifixion?

Yes, undoubtedly, it is a real crucifixion. Crucifixion was an ignominious, painful death; and consecration means dying to all those pleasures and gratifications which flow from the undue love of *self, the admiration of the world, the ownership of goods*, and the *inordinate love of kindred, and friends*, which go together to make up the life and joy of the natural man. To do this is always a painful task, and yet we *must be crucified with Christ if we are to live with Him.*

"I am crucified with Christ: nevertheless I live; yet not I, but Christ liveth in me; and the life which I now live in the flesh I live by the faith of the Son of God, who loved me, and gave himself for me."—Galatians ii. 20.

BRO. CHARLES JARVIS

GOES HOME

From Fredericton, N. B.

"Happy Charlie" was converted on August 20th, 1885, and from the very start of his Christian career his life was one of the real blood-and-fire kind. Previous to his conversion he always wanted to be good, but no one told him the way, and the consequence was, sin soon had the upper hand.

When the S. A. opened fire in Fredericton, Charlie of course was there, and began to attend the meetings. He had not attended very often, when the Spirit of God began to strive with him, which finally led him to throw down his arms of rebellion, and so on August 20th.

"Happy Charlie" Started

out on the new life. Our comrade had been a great bodily sufferer for years, but that did not hold him back from doing all he could to get others to God and made so happy as he was. On March 9th a party of the corps went about sixteen miles in the country for a meeting. Happy Charlie, being acquainted with some of the people in this place, thought he ought to make one of the party. He had gone on this trip he caught a cold, but still went on with his work. On April 9th he attended the meeting held by the "Good Saving Troupe." After that he took to his bed, and continued to fall rapidly, but even in his weakened condition he

Did not Fail to Warn

those who came to see him, to flee from the wrath to come.

On April 22nd he thought he was going to die, so he called his daughter and told her to tell her mother, "I pray ill in bed in the same room, and when she heard he began to cry. He, hearing the sobs, raised his head and said, "Don't cry for me." A day or two previous to this, he had met two of comrades, who had sat up with him all night, and talking, they went into the room and asked how he felt, he said, "I'm glorious," and then raising his voice as well as he was able, he sang a couple of lines of his favorite song.

"There are lights along the shore,
Than never grow dim."

One afternoon a brother came in to see him, and he said, "Good when is you, he rolled over on his back, and raising his right hand, said

"Hold On, Hold On—Don't Waver!"

The Lieut. asked him if he had any messages for his comrades. He said, "Nothing only I want them to hold on." On the morning of May 6th he asked us to carry him up a little. Having done this for him, he closed his eyes and apparently went to sleep, but in a few minutes the breath had left him, and the spirit of our beloved comrade was with the Lord with Jesus. The funeral service was most impressive. The band headed the procession, and

Crowds of People

lined the streets, and many hearts must have been impressed with the solemnity of that funeral march. At the grave, Capt. Byers conducted the service, which was touching in the extreme. Testimonies were given from officers and friends of the deceased, many of them speaking of the noble Christian life and example of our comrade since he left the "Army." Our most words of exhortation and warning from the several officers who spoke. The Band brought this impressive meeting to a close, and we left the grave, feeling more than ever the need of so to live that when we come to be laid beside our departed comrade, we may be found meeting with Happy Charlie at the Resurrection Morning.—A. E.

A MARVELLOUS Case of Divine Healing

I have been requested to write out an account of the wonderful things the Lord has done for my body, soul and spirit.

I pray God it may give comfort to a poor sufferer, for I know all about it, and can sympathize. As the first mutterings of a coming storm, so was I threatened.

Before the Crash Came

Three years ago this spring I became invalid. Of course, I thought of nothing but getting better in a few days, but the few months rolled into years, of the most intense suffering. God knew the means used for a long time.

Last summer I had good hope of recovery, but in December I began to grow worse, and kept going down hill, but through it all Jesus was with me, and had been converted in '85 and fully given up to Christ the first year of my salvation.

Jesus was very near all the winter, so near that often I felt as if I could reach out my hand and touch Him.

This Spring I commenced to get worse. We would know me His will. I felt that He might

See Fit to Heal Me,

as everything else seemed to fail, and I was willing to suffer His will, whatever might be.

Two weeks before my healing I began to study Christ's miracles on my knees, asking God to show me His will soon. I felt He would answer my prayer, I felt it coming, and I had His Word for it.

Two days before I felt very much impressed, that the last night could not rest, and in the morning I rose more tired ever with pain and weakness. Pain then left my body, and my eyes seemed pulled out of their place.

I made the remark, "I believe I am to be healed, I received the same answer from all to whom I spoke, it was, "Do you not you exercise faith."

A Friend came in that day, a Holy Ghost woman (I had been speaking to the sick about also), and before leaving asked me to pray. She wished me to read, I read Matt. xii, 1-21, and as I went on my heart came quick and short. We knelt down and she prayed, then mother, and I followed, but was so overcome that I could only give

My Body, Soul, and Spirit

to the Lord, that He might work in me the good pleasure of His will, and asked Him to heal me, if it would be more for His glory; I then asked Jesus to pray for me again, asking the Lord to come this moment. I clasped my hands and said, "Come now, Lord Jesus, I believe Thou art healing. I believe Thou art here." At that moment, by the eye of faith, I could see the Lord Jesus, I felt a great calm, and was coming right down to me.

We rose, and my natural eyes seemed blinded, as I don't remember seeing clearly, but just then my eyes took their natural place.

The Healer Struck My Body,

and the power went through my body like an electric shock, and praise God, I rose, ed the invalid no more. I felt the Lord gives us so much more than we expect! There is a continual stream of unbeliefs proceeding from my heart to the Throne of God.

I shall never forget that thrill of healing, such a sensation, I felt I was healed! Praise God, I'm healed!"

Not a drug on my system since. No strong, no flesh, no pain, I walk out every day, and not a day passes without my body being permeated with the healing balm and to God be all the glory, now and ever. Amen! EMMA LOWE.

In connection with the above case, Capt. Payne writes:

My Dear Editor,—I visited the above young lady a short time previous to her being healed of God, and she seemed to be in a very weak state, and after prayer on leaving, I made a remark on "Faith for healing." I called back since, and on hearing what God had done for her, and seeing the change, I requested her to write it for us on the benefit of the Readers of War Cry readers, which she unhesitatingly complied with.

Some long before and after, I can vouch for the authenticity of the above short epistle.

To any doubting its reality, I will give her address, so that she can be personally acted with, personally, as I feel, the Christian will be satisfied of the reality of any further particulars she may desire required. Yours in Divine Love to broke Out."

THE ABOVE CUT APPEARED IN A RECENT INDIAN "CRY."

Archdeacon Farrar

ON THE SALVATION ARMY.

(From "Harper's Monthly.")

Whether we admire or despise it, whether we detest or sympathize with it, the Salvation Army represents one of the most remarkable religious movements of this generation. I do not write this paper with a view either of denouncing or of defending it. I wish merely to place on record a brief account of its development, and to point out some of those secrets of its success which are worthy of the serious study of other religious bodies.

There is much in the modes of action of the Salvation Army, much in its doctrines, much in its organization, which is open to serious criticism. In the year 1881 when it first leaped into notoriety, I thought it my duty, in a sermon preached in Westminster Abbey, to comment in a tone of warning on some of its proceedings and teaching. I see no reason to retract anything, which I then said; but that light of God which shines on so steadily during our fleeting years, will show all things in the slow history of their ripening," has brought out more distinctly the feeling that it could be good to be of any use to mankind and dubious or full of peril. Experience has also taught us to make great allowance for the Army, for

Zeal More Tolerant

of ways and words which to us seem crude and irreverent, but which must be judged with reference to the issues which they effect, and the motives from which they spring.

It is obvious that we have to deal with very laughable facts, and that if we would find any analogy for the growth and force of this movement, we must go back to the Salvation exercised by the preaching of the Crusades, to the work of Francis and Dominic in founding the mendicant orders, to the Protestant Reformation, to the preaching of George Fox, or to the growth of Wesleyanism at the close of the last century. Anything similar to the conduct of early church history can fail to see many striking points of analogy between the methods adopted and the results achieved by the Salvation Army and those which astonish and disgusted the pagan world in the rapid success attained by the early missionaries of the Christian Church. Those ragged, wandering, and maligned preachers, whom trade denounced, whom respectability discovered, whom the religions of the day (including the Judaism from which they mostly sprung) excommunicated, and anathematized, whom the Spirit of the world spurned away with contumely, whom rulers imprisoned and scourged, whom malignity swamped with candles, nevertheless did, with the irresistible might of weakness, shake the world. They kindled Christ in Antioch, then in the Greek islands and Asia Minor, then in northern, then in southern Greece, then in Italy and Spain, then all over the civilized world, and even among barbarians—point after point of twinkling light. They left behind them small and despised communities of slaves and artisans, many of which were overwhelmed and obliterated by the violence of persecution.

Critics and Satirists and Philosophers

ridiculed the new sect and all its peculiarities—its tongues, its enthusiasm, its "Corybantic" manifestations. They prophesied that this "foul and execrable superstition," the adherents of which they scourged with ignominious contempt would turn out to be a fanaticism as transitory as it was contemptible. Nevertheless it lived. Whether the Salvation Army will live or not as a separate organization it is impossible to prophesy.

Certainly it has been the instrument of affliction, and it has been tried in the fire. The world, the flesh and the devil always try to corrupt, to defile, to trample down, to imprison, to slander to death, any effort which is made against their combined iniquities and their wealthy vested interests in drink, vice and degradation. But let the powers of evil, even when they enlist on their side a "peculiar civilization," gnash their teeth and learn their own impotence, when they see that their very opposition is turned into a source of strength to their enemies. At first, when the Salvation Army met in purlieus as suffocating as the Catacombs, the roughs, larrikins and young thieves used to throw stones at its gatherings of the wretched, and to fire volleys of gunpowder laid from the door inward.

"I Have Seen the General Felled

with the rest of us many a time," writes one of his officers; "but he always used to say to the people to take no notice, and go straight on, and then we had the best." Drunk sellers and the gin shop owners have especially and most naturally been most against the Salvation Army. The vendors of rum have often been the founders of the lewd and infamous "skeleton armies" to put it down—too often with the secret sympathy and open protection of the "respectable" inhabitants. The officers—young women as well as young men—often in the midst of labors noble, heroic, and profoundly self sacrificing, have been insulted with foul obscenities, spit upon, deluged with refuse, pelted with garbage and brick-bats, belabored with sticks and knobs, and dragged through head to foot with mud, hounded from street to street by mobs, buried under tons of printed and written calumnies, and the despised communities of slaves and artisans, many of which were overwhelmed and obliterated by the violence of persecution.

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"I Have Seen the General Felled

of its men, women, and children had been "knocked down or otherwise brutally assaulted." In Sheffield, "the rough" and "the bodies have rarely had a good word for them. The law, the magistrates, the police, have been generally against them. Even when they have been wearied, worn out, sickened, exhausted by their labors to save the souls of the rough, the harlot, the rough, the gutter child, they have sometimes had to bear afterwards a sentence of imprisonment from some magistrate whose fastiousness at their expense has convinced his whole court with peals of idiotic laughter. Yet not one of them has ever retaliated, however brutal the insults, however shameful and wanton the provocation; and there have been instances in which their patience has touched the souls of their adversaries.

Some years back, one of their officers, Mrs. Simmonds, a mother with two babes, accompanied by a poor colored girl—one of the "Jubilee Singers" of Fisk University, Clara Lewis faced the "massed ruffianism" of Pietermaritzburg, and merchants and "gentlemen" took part in the interruption of their meetings. Amid such scenes the poor colored girl died. She was accidentally burnt to death, and peacefully, "after bearing agonies of pain, in glorious peace." The Volunteer Corps of the city, says Commissioner Railton, "as well as thousands of others, turned out to follow her charred remains to a Salvation soldier's grave. A question whether in all the records of the colonies there could be found an instance of equal respect paid to a colored woman."

How comes it, then, that an unknown, rejected, isolated worker has struck

The Lightning of Life

into the valley of which the bones were so old and so dry? How comes it that he can point to more lives obviously rescued, more souls brought to trains of repentance, than hundreds, I should not exaggerate if I said than thousands—of the agnostics and clergymen who have no language for him but that of hatred, slander, and abuse? The reasons are manifold, but the two chief reasons are:—First, that he recognised a tremendous need; and next, that instead of acquiescing in impotence, as most men do, he determined to grapple with that need by new and unconventional methods.

1. The Salvation Army met an immense need. That anybody should deny the existence of that need is little short of monstrous. It lies at our doors. It faces us in our daily walk. We see its ruining, ragged, degraded, emaciated victims by day hanging in dirty, blighted, drink seduction groups round the doors of the gin shops, these licensed traps of flaming temptation—which cause the root of myriads of sins and sorrows to be victims, and their blossom to go up as dust. We see the diseased and haggard faces of troops of victims of a cruel civilization pale, with the marks of misery, painfully traced of unpitied success, never thus put light of our crowded thoroughfares, by which they are permitted to manoeuvre to sow the seeds of physical leprosy and moral contamination. We read the story of the misery of drunken fathers and dead of grotesque shame or soul-chilling horror in the records of criminal justice. They fill our prisons, they overwork our hospitals, they exhaust the resources of our enormous asylums, they paralyze the sentiment and inefficient efforts of our charity. So familiar is the spectacle of this social wreckage, so callously indifferent have we grown to the sufferings of these "sons and daughters of misery and the multitudes ready to perish," so little have we accustomed ourselves to care for these "miserable places fertile in sorrow," that multitudes think no state of mind respecting these terrible evils is needed, except one of hopeless apathy and immoral acquiescence. Let one single chance place of the statistics not of sin and of misery, and of the purpose of hundreds which might be furnished. The special sub-committee of the London School Board for School Attendance in London report on July 26, 1889, that "the average number of children attending board schools in London at the time of the inquiry was 341,497; of these, 119,776 had their fees remitted for poverty; 48,000 were returned as "half-time" in the school in want of food; and 21,722 of these hungry ones left school naked." We look out upon a storm of strife, strewn with unnumbered shipwrecks, and we criticise our arm-chairs the construction of the lifeboat which is to be launched over the shingle, or the religious opinions of the brave crew which fain would launch it through the surges threatening billows. We have to persuaded ourselves that the Juggernaut car of political economy must go on, and that the millions under the weight of its hideous idol, are the happy only convinced ("the devil can quote Scripture for his purpose") that

The Poor Shall Never Come

out of the land, and that every effort of philanthropy, if it be not "more harm than good," that at last multitudes, in their secret hearts, have excused themselves for the neglect of their duties, and shirking duties, and have to regard the Gospel precepts of charity as a convention or a mistake. But if Mr. Stanley be right, "this is a poison in the sores of Lazarus against which Dives had no antidote;" and the Bishop of Rochester is right in that "this which has been raised to prophecy the fate of the Goths and Vandals who shall wreck these cities, and overwhelm the Roman civilization ordinarily proud are being bred, not in the wilds of Asia, but in the slums of great cities." Nevertheless, I think, though he has raised his voice so lonely against General Booth, and the brave scheme of regeneration which he has formed, that he might be the humble instrument, has not depicted in strong colors the wretched condition of the lower classes and poverty congulated in great cities."

2. The practical, the energetic, the self-sacrificing character of this movement is due to the credit of the founder of the Salvation Army. If "love is the fulfilling of the law" if "the end of the commandment be love out of a pure heart, and a good conscience, and faith unfeigned" if it be "pure and undefiled religion before God and the Father to visit the fatherless and widows in their affliction, and to keep himself unspotted from the world"—then the poor Salvationists may claim to have lived far more nearly in accordance with the laws of the Gospel of Christ than the lofty and purpural personages who have sneered at them with such supercilious superiority. Very often the sneers of the world are thousands of others, turned out to

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Mount Sinai because he had not despaired of his country. General Booth has not been guilty of any responsibility for that lonely mountain top of religious agencies by the spirits of evil which is represented by the fact that, on one Sunday of religious worship in London, three million of people were conspicuous by their absence from all places of worship; and that, though high sacramental teaching is so popular and predominant in the Church of England, not three per cent. of the working classes, who represent the great mass of the people, are regular or even occasional communicants. It is, then, a service for which a

Public Debt of Gratitude is Due

to General Booth that he neither acquiesced in the immense defeat for decades of being able to turn root into resistance, and resistance into victory.

"From the first," says General Booth, speaking of days when he was little more than a boy, "I learnt those simple principles on which I have acted with a blessed measure of success, and by that success I was convinced that God is no respecter of persons, but that human nature was as religiously impressionable, if not more so, in its poorest, most ignorant, and wretched forms as in any other."

It is on that principle that the Salvation Army has acted, with the vigor and with the results which are now within the cognizance of all candid inquirers. If we could have had a few such men in the Church of England and the Nonconformist bodies, we should have made the wilderness blossom as the rose. But the men who create religious revivals are rarely welcomed by the churches. The great moral reformers are usually the martyrs of respectability from the Hebrew prophets down to Wesley, Whitefield, George Fox, and George Whitefield.

Nor is it less true, if Mr. Booth's credit be saw the futility of a dull persistence in the ordinary ecclesiastical routine. If anything be certain, it is that the working-classes will never, as a body, be won to Christianity—and it

Is Practically a Heathen Population

with which we often have to deal in the densely crowded slums of overgrown cities—by the long services and to them unintelligible liturgy of the Church of England, or by any of the refined preaching which may be effective for the upper and middle classes. In a remarkable report addressed to Convocation by the Rural Deanery of Bagshot, a few years ago, the clergy said that of the wretchedness of the population some attend church, and only from twenty to thirty per cent. of the artisans; that in thirty-one parishes there was an average of only one clergyman to every 3,000; that the population; that this universal indifference to anything connected with religion was due to the overcrowding, the great and dreary struggle for existence, the want of decent clothes, the prevalence of drunkenness, and the ignorance and prejudice caused by caricatures of religion. And their sad verdict was that in its liturgy the Church of England was offering to the lowest classes something which they did not want and could not understand; and that "after making every allowance, there is a multitude to whom no voice has spoken, to whom no hand has been held out, either by the church or by any other organization, and who are growing up utterly neglected and outcast."

(Concluded next week.)

BUY

Next Week's "War Cry."

IT WILL BE A BEAUTY.

BUY OUR AND READ IT.

ORIGINAL SALVATION SONGS.

1 HOW CAN I BE FREE?

TUNE—*"Oh, what shall I do?"*

REIG. PHIT WOTT.

Oh, comrades, these tell me to-day
Of the power that can set fully free;
I long to be good,
And I plead the Blood,
But evil is present with me.

CHORUS.

Where shall I go?
Where shall I go?
Oh, where shall I go to get free?

How cold is my life of success,
Though I've struggled and wrestled in vain;
And to-day all undone,
I'm a soul filled with gloom,
Barricaded with doubts and with fears.

Oh, Hetton, beloved, to me,
I've proved from a work in my soul
That God has the power,
And this very hour
He is waiting to make fully whole.

SECOND CHORUS.

Come unto Him, come unto Him,
Let the cleansing Blood
Over thee roll.

He saves to the uttermost now,
Salvation from sin is my lot.
My sun never goes down,
I am heir to a crown,
Into Canaan, I'm Canaan I've got.

NOTE—The last verse was composed by Col. Lawley.

2 THE PROMISED POWER.

"But ye shall receive power."—Acts 1st and 8th.

BY MAJOR WM. HAUGH.

TUNE—*Oh, think of the home over there.*

All hail for a conquering Lord,
Who has triumphed o'er death and the grave,
Then ascended triumphantly home,
But list to the orders He gave.

CHORUS.

Tarry there, tarry there,
For power from on high, tarry there.
(Repeat.

Commanded by Jesus their Lord,
They waited for conquering power,
With hearts all in one accord,
Till God should His fulness outpour.

A sound like a great rushing wind
Came and filled all the house where they met,
And the Holy Ghost filled every heart,
While a tongue like of fire on them set.

They speak now as never before,
They have got both the tongue and the fire,
To suffer with Jesus is all we aspire.

Our pleadings and prayers Thou hast heard
And now at Thy Cross for more grace we implore;
We long to be holy, and filled with Thy love,
We know that this blessing must come from above.

Our walk, talk, and actions, whatever
We know there is nothing but what Thou cansst see;
Our eyes, ears, and tongues, Lord, we pray sanctify,
In all Thy blest fulness, we pray Thee draw nigh.

3 IF I BE LIFTED UP.

BY D. O. ADDIS.

TUNE—*Jesus keep me near the Cross.*

Jesus on the Cross was nailed
High and lifted up;
The Blood that flowed has never failed,
When He's been lifted up.

CHORUS.

Lifted up, lifted up,
If I be lifted up,
All men to Me I'll draw, said He;
If I be lifted up.

A serpent made of brass was raised,
By Moses lifted up;
The bitten crowds were healed who gazed,
As it was lifted up.

Even so the Saviour declare
Must I be lifted up;
Like the serpent in the open-air,
Must I be lifted up.

As the serpent in the wilderness,
Must I be lifted up;
Your open-arms I'll own and bless,
If I be lifted up.

The Cross attracts where'er it be,
If I be lifted up;
Nothing is too hard for me,
If I be lifted up.

Easy made is all hard goes,
The desert shall bloom as the rose,
If I be lifted up.

Mountains move and walls come down
If I be lifted up;
And every yoke shall wear a crown
If I be lifted up.

4 I'M A SOLDIER.

BY LIEUT. WHITTEMEN.

TUNE—*We'll all shout hallelujah.*

I'm a soldier, don't you see
I'm as happy as can be,
I have been to Jesus with my load of sin;
He has cast the sin out,
Now I love to sing and shout;
Glory, Hallelujah! Jesus reigns within.

CHORUS.

I'm a soldier in the Army,
Jesus Christ is now my Friend;
I'll be loyal, brave and true,
'Neath the yellow, red and blue,
Then I know that He will keep me to the end.

I will wear the uniform
Tho' the world may laugh and scorn,
I will show to all I've left the world behind;
In its pleasures now I see
Naught but pride and vanity,
But in Jesus lasting pleasure do I find.

I will march and sing and pray,
Now I am in the narrow way,
I will live to tell of Jesus' power to save;
Tho' the fight may be severe
Jesus tells me not to fear,
He will help me to be fearless, calm and brave.

To my Lord I will be true,
Bravely fight the battle through,
Till He takes me up to Canaan's happy shore;
There a robe and crown are given
In that happy home in heaven
There I know I'll meet my comrades gone before.

5 WE GLORY IN GOD.

BY PITKER.

TUNE—*Hiding in Thee.*—B.J. No.2.

Oh, Saviour and King, now to Thee we appeal,
We know Thou art righteous, Thou hast broken the seal;
Our souls were once fettered, we knew no release,
Thy Spirit has entered, our strugglings have ceased.

CHORUS.

We glory in Thee, We glory in Thee,
Our strength, help, and comfort,
We glory in Thee.

In humility, Lord, for Thy nature divine,
Our hearts ever craving, our souls always Thy blessings and likeness are all we desire,
To suffer with Jesus is all we aspire.

Our pleadings and prayers Thou hast heard
And now at Thy Cross for more grace we implore;
We long to be holy, and filled with Thy love,
We know that this blessing must come from above.

Our walk, talk, and actions, whatever
We know there is nothing but what Thou canst see;
Our eyes, ears, and tongues, Lord, we pray sanctify,
In all Thy blest fulness, we pray Thee draw nigh.

6 FORTH TO WAR.

BY STAFF-CAPT. MARSHALL, NEW YORK.

TUNE—*Vict'ry for me.*

Forth to war! the trumpet's sounding,
Calling out the volunteers,
Who, informed for conflicting,
Go to war thro' doubts and fears.
Come, ye warriors, young and strong,
To the front your Saviour's calling,
Sweep the battle right along.
Man and Sinners before you falling.

CHORUS.

God's salvation to all nations,
Gladly we go to proclaim;
For the right we boldly fight,
In His great name.
All round the world sings the great Salvation Army!
All round the world—victor through the Blood!

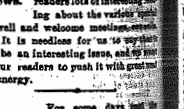
Forth to war, to war victorious,
Certain of the victor's crown,
If till death in combat glorious,
Ye keep smiting devils down.
But the crown alone will be,
To "him that overcometh" given,
No deserter o'er will see
Comy'rer's palm in earth or heaven!

FAMOUS "WAR CRY" SALESMEN.

Lieut. Osmond, Gosham, Ont.
Lieut. Desmond.
Sergt. Bowcock, Toronto.
Sergt. Bowcock.
Cadet Scott, Brandon.
Capt. A. Gaudet, Winnipeg.
Father Dixon, Toronto.
Sergt. Carse, Toronto.
Capt. G. McKenzie, Fort Rouge.
Cadet Cairns, Halifax.
Cadet Davidson, Brandon.
Sergt. Sullock, Toronto.
Cadet Deem, Hamilton.
Sergt. Smith, Montreal.
Capt. McKenzie, Halifax.
Sergt. Green, Fowler.
Lieut. Lee, Owensville.
Lieut. Green, Winnipeg.
Lieut. Brant, Belleville.
Sergt. Ellis, Stratford.
Mrs. Capt. Webb, Cornwall.
Lieut. Ford, Pembroke.
Sergt. Gatehouse, Montreal.
Mrs. Vigo, Winnipeg.
Lieut. Weldon, Toronto.
Father Moore, Barrie.
Sergt. Bayley, Peterboro.
Sergt. Gribble, Wallingford.
Mrs. Lieut. Wallingford.
Sergt. K. McDonell, Georgetown, Ont.
Capt. Walker, Norwood.
Lieut. Williams, Oakville.
Capt. Ross, Bozeal, Brandon.
Cadet Mowerofi, Toronto H.
Mother H——, Amherstburg.
Capt. Gale, Peterboro.
Bro. Alexander, Belle Ewart.
Cadet Sheppath, Halifax.
Sergt. Bright, Toronto V.
Lieut. Bright, Toronto.
Sergt. McNellie, Welland.
Sister J. Crawford, Seaforth.
Sister Bishop, Toronto.
Father Miles, Barrie.
Cadet Shelly, Toronto IV.

A sister the other night in her testimony said, "God bless the *War Cry*. I spread before the Army came here. I prayed for the *War Cry*."

Push the Cry in every street,
Push it, soldiers, push it;
Push the Cry to all you meet,
Push it, soldiers, push it;
Push the *Cry* both day and night,
Push it, soldiers, push it;
Push the Cry for God and right,
Push it, soldiers, push it.



SATURDAY JUNE 12TH, 1886.

Next week we hope to give our readers lots of interesting reading about the various spheres, farewell and welcome meetings, etc., etc. It is needless for us to say that will be an interesting issue, and we will ask our readers to push it with prayer and energy.

In Memoriam.

For some days past the Commissioner's little boy has been very sick indeed and now we have to record the fact that the little laddie is in Heaven. In such a time of sore bereavement and sorrow, we feel sure that every Comrade Salvationist will pray that God will comfort them. They will thus leave behind them, in the dust of their little precious child, a link which will not only bind Canada to their hearts, but bring them nearer and make it dearer to our Spiritual leaders. Comrades, pray fervently for them.

To God be all the glory for this

305. He is doing for us in the War Cry and Y. S. circulation. Three hundred and five is the number added this week, and it is a fact that we are continually adding week by week. Praise God for this, and are determined to spare no efforts in making the War Cry exciting, attractive, and very readable. It is a real, live, Salvation paper, and in advertisements of Sapolio, etc., etc., it pages one to sixteen, it is full of Salvation literature. God speed the War Cry.

HAVE YOU GOT THE BOYS?

BY STAFF-CAPT. BERKENSHAW, AUSTRALIA.

COME time ago when stationed in Sydney, I met a certain city, one of those who had been a great trophy. I fell from grace. This caused our critics to chuckle and say, "Didn't I told you he wouldn't stand, and the Army converts are all alike." Probably, what was very much relished by the oppositionists, was the spiteful manifested by the oppositionists, and thoughts to my mind. A small seed-sown, when one very dark night, the storm was raging. The sea was rolling, mountain high, when all at once, with a rocket, went through the air, and soon the whole town was moved as the news spread.

A Ship in Distress!!

The brave fellows of the life-boat crew was soon manning, with might and main, the wrecked mariners. They rescued them and brought them to land, but not all. Some were lost.

The inhabitants of the town did not hold the dear fellows who had done their best, in contempt, and so we Salvationists have heard the cry go up for help; have seen thousands swallowed up in the raging billows; and have behold some go down, not to a watery grave, but doomed and damned for ever.

We have got out our life-boat, and with bleeding hearts have rowed through seas of unbelief, infidelity, immorality, and vice, and have reached the wrecks of humanity, and with loving hearts and willing hands we pulled them into the Divine Life-Boat.

We have attended to their wants, have helped them in their need, and in many instances, when we thought they were safely landed,

Great Wave of Temptation

has swept over them, and again they have been washed from the Boat of Salvation on the fever surging sea of iniquity and sin.

Are we to be the objects of cynical sarcasm and heartless criticism? And thou and times no! With loving hearts we have done our best to save them, and oh! how sad we feel when they go over and some of them never to be brought back again, but, comrades, don't get discouraged at what anybody thinks or says.

Our God is a Father, yearning with heart overwhelms with a burning, boundless love for the poor backsliders who are still in the mire.

He cries out, "Turn ye! Oh turn, ye backslidden children! I will

Heal Your Backslidings

and love you freely."

Another incident that happened in a North of Ireland town. Some years ago the new rose with all its usual splendor, and the fishermen went out in their smacks to ply their vocation. But when they got on the heavens began to darken with clouds, the rain poured down, and with a boiling sea the little craft was in danger. The news was soon noised abroad through the town, and

One old man who was a sea captain called out for volunteers. The required number was soon made up. He said, "Now, boys, we must pray, boys," and he uncovered, heads they commended themselves to the care of Him who holds the Winds in His hand, and the Sea in His hollow, and with a singing chorus pulled for their comrades in peril. After some toiling and pulling they reached the dear ones

Almost Dead,

and got them safely into their boat, and then with glad hearts pulled for the shore. When within speaking distance the anxious friends assembled on the shore, shouting, "Have you got your boys? Have you got back again with great joy, "Yes, yes, we have got the boys," and those ashore sent up their praises to God for the great deliverance.

And so I see in the sea of sin, the tens of thousands of poor, wrecked drunkards, harlots, backsliders, and lost souls that who went to Calvary, cry out, "Who will volunteer?" and I fancy I hear a great shout from Salvation Army officers and soldiers, "Here I am, let me go to the rescue," and with fresh courage, those also who have been in many a storm, and understand how to rescue those who are almost moonced and on the rocks of damnation, put out on the sea in the Great Salvation Life-Boat. Christ the Captain is aboard, and they are successful, after much weeping, praying, and self-sacrifice, in landing many half-damned souls on board. Oh, what a shout of triumph goes up to heaven, and the redeemed, the other side take it up, and it echoes and re-echoes again through the heavens.

Those who are already anchored ask, "Have you got our boys? Have you got our girls and parents?" and the answer is, "Yes," and then with harps and music, and song they join in one great jubilee and give honor, power, majesty, and glory to Him who saved them.

Oh, my precious comrades in the field, take fresh courage, seek renewed baptisms, and live, fight, and die at your post.

"There is Rest for us yet we shall all meet,
And I shall have some of my boys to greet;
The faithful ones He thus will greet,
Into My Kingdom come."

A Wedding at Guelph.

What the "Guelph Mercury" says about it.

THE ARMY JUBILEE AND WEDDING.—Yesterday was a big day for the Salvation Army in this city, the principal feature of attraction being the announcement of a "hallelujah wedding." The neighboring corps of Galt, with their band, Berlin, Rockwood, Acton and others, with their commanding officers and sergeants, turned out in force, and Captains Sharpe, Spooner, of Hamilton, and D.O. Sharp. Meetings were held in the forenoon and afternoon, and were largely attended by soldiers and friends of the Army. Shortly after 5 p.m.

An Excellent Banquet

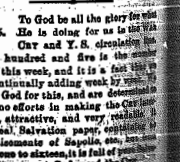
was provided by the soldiers and friends of the Army, which was well patronized. Perhaps one of the largest and best parades the Guelph corps has ever had marched through the streets between one and eight o'clock, headed by the banners of the visiting corps, the Galt banner being the largest and best. The procession was made up of the Galt and Guelph Army Bands and hundreds of officers and soldiers. Before they had entered the barracks

The Place was Filled

and when everything was settled, and devotional exercises, etc., and a few selections from the bands, all eyes were fixed on the marriage of Mr. John R. Sedgfield of Palmerston, to Miss S. McTague, of Guelph. Both parties were members of the Army, which was well married, the ceremony was performed by Brig. Spooner and afterwards by Rev. Mr. Salmon, of Toronto. The ceremony was very short and appropriate, favoring the work of the Army, and appealing to all present to aid them in the Christian warfare. The meeting was brought to a close shortly after ten. Among the members of the Salvation Army band from Galt was

An Old British Veteran

—well-known to a number of the older residents of the city—Wm. Webb, of the 20th Foot, on whose breast were medals for the Turkish, India and Crimea, with the three clasps. The old man is in his 81st year and looks hale and hearty. His experience in his new-found life was very interesting.—*Guelph Mercury.*



Grape-Shot

From the Newfoundland Man-o'-War.

We have moved our headquarters to a more advantageous locality, and secured a dwelling and a shop combined, and have opened out for Salvation business, and are making a goodly display of all the blood-and-fire weapons of Salvation Army warfare. We have done a splendid twenty's business in uniforms, and have sold, and sold, and sold, and are still selling. We don't keep the devil in stock, but we find enough of him in town to swamp the "Great Eastern." We don't deal in ginger beer or any other kind of beer—we keep salvation, if you want any," quoth the man on the stool behind the counter, to a girl who wanted to invest in some *stuff*. A little girl came in and changed five cents, so you see we are doing a rushing business, rousing the natives to see what kind of a stock the S. A. has got. Headquarters, or somebody else, hurry up with those bonnets; we are all out. That last lot of fifty went a-selling, and the hands are all busy with the work, etc.

If you only knew what we can see in the future for the S. A. in Newfoundland, you would be amazed. The Major is endeavoring to capture every inch of it for the S.A. He has some plans and schemes concocted, his concerns that we'll baffle the slickest devil the devil has got.

The Major was counting over the different places he would like to open fire on in Newfoundland. How many do you suppose there were? About twenty, and he wanted a dollar apiece to say so! Not a thousand dollars I'd fix the S.A. up nicely on the island. I could do very well with the money, and I'd guarantee him a few. I hope Capt. Bob Smith, the B. C. mountaineer, will find a big gold mine—a small one, will do, I'd take it, and go on and give a few donations from it this way.

We increased our Soldiers' Roll fifty-one last month, and lots more want to join us. The enrollment documents still show that there is fighting done all along the front.

Some saved, sanctified, satisfied Salvation Soldiers, singing, shouting, say, sweet smiling Saviour still seeks and, sin-sick, cry sinners; seek and find. Somebody gives me a few. I hope Capt. Bob Smith, the B. C. mountaineer, will find a big gold mine—a small one, will do, I'd take it, and go on and give a few donations from it this way.

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Here are a few notes I jotted down for the CRY:

Little Bay says, "Five backsliders, fourteen added to the Soldiers' Roll, and one to two hours per week visiting the J. S."

Fortune has five J. S. open-airs one week, and six junior prisoners. Seven wear uniform. The officers visit and look after the lambs.

The Sergeant-Major at Burin visited eighteen hours, and the total visiting for the Sergeants was thirty-one hours one week.

I have some nice Y.S. notes. Get it and read them. Wonderful! All about the children's war.

Fortune is a good place to get bait to catch fish, so the French-shore people come here for bait. Not only has good bait there, but catches some beautiful sinfish. Eight nice prisoners and backsliders in the net.

A number of the S.A. bloods worn beaver hats on the way to the Victoria Hall, which caused some ingenious biped to compose a string of poetry about it, and called it the "Beaver Brigade." Well, the boys are selling them on the street for "only one cent."

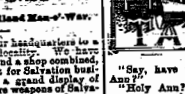
They have one of our "Come on business, do your business, and go about your business" contracts up in the Town Hall House, and have put "customs" officers instead of "S. A. officers have no time to waste." Well, the Officers and get them all into heaven. Amen.

I see they put on our WAR CRY notes the heading, "News from Cod-fish Land." Well, thank God for plenty of fish. We may all be fish, but we are not all Cods.

And while we are talking about Newfoundland, will you please make a note that it costs five cents to bring a Canadian letter here. Next time you write put on a five-cent.

SOMEBODY SIGMA.

Whatever may be thought of the religious views of General Booth, of the Salvation Army, we are forced to concede that he must take high rank as a sanitarian and as a man of common sense for does he not announce his belief that sociology and sorbology, or sociology and theology, are to be found the redeeming and civilizing agencies for the lower nineteen-twentieths of humanity? Yes, for General Booth; sounder wisdom has never issued from human mouth.—*The Metropolitan.*



"Say, have you ever heard of Holy Ann?"

"Holy Ann? Holy Ann? Yes, yes, yes; many a time have I listened to her wonderful talk."

"Well, next week her photo is to appear in the CRY, with the first chapter of a sketch of her life."

"That will be interesting. I'll get the CRY and read it."

"Well, that was a grand meeting," said one of the War Office Staff boys at his last meeting. "Oh, I don't think it is so much like Commissioner Coombs. I only had to shut my eyes and I thought it was him." Colonel Pollard was leading the meeting and it went off with a bang.

"Tattler!" "Yes, the Tattler." That is the heading over this column. I believe it will be inserted weekly. Will it be interesting? What will it contain? What is the Tattler? Now, that's enough. All you have to do is to carefully read it week by week.

Have I seen the new Commissioner? Well, no, not at the time of writing, but I have heard a little about him. The Editor was saying that the out of him in this issue is very creditable and good. However, perhaps I shall have more to say about him next week. From the sketch of his life one would gather that he is a deeply spiritual man.

"It's too bad that the WAR CRY should not contain more news from the Old Country," I hear some one say there. Of course the D.O's have piles of work to do, lots of meetings to lead, etc., etc., I know. Yes, and the same occupies your time, that each could send a few items of interest every week. "I hope they'll do so. God bless them."

"Well, what strange cuts there are appearing on page fourteen every week. What can it mean?" It means this, that the Editorial department, in common with all other loyal Salvationists, has a burning desire to see the circulation of this paper increase. Of course the cuts are peculiar, but they are inserted to attract and urge the Brigadier, D.O., P.O. and soldier to boom the CRY.

"I really think that there should be more names inserted underneath the heading, 'Famous WAR CRY Sellers.'" Really, it is strange to note the names of those who sell so many CRYS on the street. "Oh, I understand that no notice will be taken of those who do not sell on the street." Well, my comrade, that's the ticket—and tell those who have the business at heart to write on a postal card the number and date of the CRY sold.

"Did I attend the big meetings at Toronto?" Certainly I did, and enjoyed myself much. Of the councils, the speakers, the spectacle, the farewell and the welcome. The Union depot more will be given our readers next week. In the meantime pray that the Lord will sustain both Commissioners.

"What about the Toronto Camp-Meetings this year?" As far as I know at present they will be held as usual on Wolfe's Island or some other place near the city. Anyhow, you may be prepared for them and pray for those who have the arrangements in hand. Big things are expected and we shall not be disappointed.

"I suppose, sir, there will be big changes on the boards now?" Changes? Yes, certainly. The S.A. is always changing its tactics. The devil is changing his tactics, and we have to fit tactics. It will be well for every Brigadier, D.O. and F.O. to hold himself in readiness for any emergency, for any change, for any new place of work. We know not what a day may bring forth.

"But many of your people in the Army do not stand, they backslide?" Decidedly so, and it is a pity, but it is a sad fact that you find in which there are not Judases. The S.A. machine winnows so finely that all those who are not real, holy and loyal at heart cannot stand the process and are glad to get out.

Now, this is my first batch of tattlings. I have mixed up these and sent them to our readers, but in the future, this column will contain interesting items as to the latest developments in the Canadian Warfare. I can promise one and all that it will be a well-read column. It will be found weekly on this, the outside column of page nine.

Look out for next week's.

TATTLER.

Culled from Reports!

SHORT, INTERESTING AND READABLE.

They are having good times in Toronto II. God's Spirit is working, and Christians are renewing their covenants, and backsliders are returning. Capt. Frank Moss spent a recent Sunday with them, and had a blessed day.

Advert forty of the CHARLOTTETOWN comrades paid a visit to the outpost recently, and a most enjoyable time was spent. Capt. LeDrew says they had ONE good case of conversion on a recent Sunday, and they are going in for greater things.

Capt. Broadbelt, who has been laid aside for a long time through sickness, reports he is as fine front of the fight again. TORONTO, VII. is her station now, and God has already crowned her efforts there with ONE soul. She and her Lieut. are determined to have victory. [God bless you, Captain. A holy and consistent life is sure to bring victory every time.]—Ed.

Capt. Hunt, of LITTLE BAY, N.F., writes this:—"Since our last report we have been marching on. THREE souls have come to Jesus. Fourteen recruits have been enrolled at the outpost, and five at Little Bay, and several others at each place ready for enrollment. Hallelujah!"

God gave our comrades in ST. STEPHEN, N.B., the joy of seeing souls converted. Since we last had a report from here, SIXTEEN have got right for eternal life. Lieut. Wightman says many more are deeply convicted, and they are believing to have them converted before long.

A big "Sing-a-baloo" meeting was the attraction in the barracks at WATFORD on a recent Thursday night. A grand time of the spirit, and at the close a poor backslider returned to the fold. While holding a prayer meeting in a soldier's house on a recent Saturday night, a SINNER was led to God for Salvation, and at the close of the public meeting the same day AN-OTHER fell down for mercy. Sister and Capt. Fisher rejoice and go forward with more determined effort to bring souls to Jesus for other souls.

Through the wrecking of the train, the WAR CRY was delayed in reaching CARNEWAY in the far North-West, and Lieut. Hookaway says: "It is when you can't get the CRY that you really learn to value it." FOUR souls have professed to find Salvation since we last heard from this place.

The Lord has been blessing Capt. Perry's labors in PETERSHAM. Since we last heard from this corps, two souls have been to the mercy seat, but only ONE got saved. The soldiers are getting along nicely here.

Capt. Tom Barker and his Lieutenant, of STROUD, put in a good week's work this past week. They walked 100 miles, spent twenty-two hours in visitation, visiting twenty-one families; sold thirty War Cries; led one sinner to God, and spent about half a day in cutting wood. This looks like business, but in spite of all this, they tell us "God and work" is good, very good, Capt. I am sure God will abundantly bless your efforts to extend His Kingdom.]—Ed.

From Lieut. McCullough's report we learn that the dear Lord is saving in BAYFIELD, SIX souls having been forward to the penitent form crying to God for mercy.

Our WESTVILLE, N.S., comrades were cheered with a visit from Capt. Hartley on a recent Saturday and Sunday. ONE soul professed to find God saved.

Lieut. Brewer rejoices to be able to send the good news of THREE souls seeking Salvation at our barracks at DUNDALK during the past week. Hallelujah!

Our comrades in GEORGETOWN, P.E.I., are forced to hold their meetings on the street on account of their not being in the barracks. Capt. Rafuse is determined, with God's help, to tell the people of a Christ who can save them from their sins.

Capt. Crager is noted for sending short reports. This week is no exception to the general rule. Here it is in full. "DESERONTO, Ont., 1891. Marching on. Good times all week and ONE soul. Praise God for ever. Yours to win." [Short, but good, Captain. Send along more such.]—Ed.

That was quite a jump for Capt. Andrews, from Sherbrooke to ST. JOHN I., N. B. "Just such is life in the great S.A., and true soldiers are always ready to follow and obey orders at any time or to any place." God blessed your efforts at the meetings on Sunday, and at night they were able to rejoice over THREE souls who had been led to penitent form. Hallelujah. [Well done, Captain. God who gave you the victory in Sherbrooke, will surely make you conqueror in St. John.]—Ed.

Since we last heard from GLADSTONE, MAN., our comrades have secured a hall Sam Opp says that on the first Sunday night ONE soul was saved, first FIVE more since then, so that God is surely setting His seal on the new departure.

Brigadier Spooner, Major Calhoun, and Adjt. Mundy led the Government country, and had a grand Social Reform meeting. The people seemed interested, and God blessed the occasion. Capt. and Mrs. Boxall still hold the fort there.

The war is still being faithfully carried on in PEMBROKE. Capt. Payne is still marshalling the forces here, and he says that THREE prisoners and THREE backsliders have been to the fountain, and have come out shouting "Hallelujah 'tis done." It has been a real tug-of-war in this place, but a stick-to-it faith in God has been rewarded. Glory, hallelujah, amen. [This is glorious, Capt. Go on to greater victories. Amen.]—Ed.

A number of the ORILLIA warriors assembled at the depot to welcome their new officers, Captain and Mrs. Ayre. This warm reception made the Captain and his wife feel at home, and they set to work at once in real earnest. They have had grand meetings so far, and TWO have sought pardon and got sanctification. [This is good, Capt., keep it up. God bless you.]—Ed.

THREE souls have professed to find Salvation at BIDULPH. This makes Capt. Wiseman feel happy.

The comrades in BRAMPTON are at present marshalled by Capt. and Mrs. Wakefield, and God is giving them good times. On a recent Saturday night a woman came to the Captain wanting him to come and pray with her. The Captain was very sick. On arriving at the house the Captain found a dear old man about 60 years old, crying for mercy. He quoted various passages of Scripture, praying with, and telling him of the wonderful love of Jesus, he introduced Christ as the Saviour. Glory hallelujah!

Capt. Wiggins, of LONDON II., writes as follows:—"Good times. Good marches. Good crowds. Good for mercy. Good meetings. Sinners in pickle. Backsliders miserable. Seven recruits enrolled. God saved ONE soul. Capt. MAY was a bitter adversary against the Army, and did not want his wife to belong to it, but to-day he is a soldier. He is very open-air. Glory! Glory!! Glory!!!"

The S.A. Fort at ORANGEVILLE is bravely held at present by Lieut. Lee, and God is giving the comrades a good time. From Private Andrews' report this week we learn that the crowds, both in the open-air and barracks are good. During the week a young man, who had often been to the barracks, was buried into eternity without a moment's warning, and yet the people don't seem to realise that death is on their track.

Capt. Heift, of DUNDAS, is evidently making it hot for the devil around his domain. They are having good meetings, especially on Holiness lines, and souls are being saved. Lieut. J. Meridith broke stepped into the open-air ring on a recent Sunday evening and gave his testimony. The man is married, but he knelt and sat on the platform. ONE soul was saved.

During Capt. and Mrs. Ayre's stay in PORT HOPE the dear Lord had given them great success. Sinners were saved, backsliders reclaimed, and everything else prospering also. They have received farewell letters, and are ready to follow at the Lord's command.

Ensign Morse spent over a week in PARRSBORO recently and reports good times. Our officers and soldiers here are doing all they can to get sinners saved, and are determined to press forward in the battle until souls are brought to Jesus.

"THREE more souls saved" is the good news this week from Capt. Hunt, of Wheatley.

Capt. Whyte still holds the fort at MADOC. Scribe Brannd paid them a visit lately, and led some very interesting meetings. Capt. Orager is noted for sending short reports. This week is no exception to the general rule. Here it is in full. "DESERONTO, Ont., 1891. Marching on. Good times all week and ONE soul. Praise God for ever. Yours to win." [Short, but good, Captain. Send along more such.]—Ed.

At KEMMOUNT the war is being steadily waged, and the Spirit of the Lord is working. D.O. Beatty paid this corps a recent visit and had a grand time. Souls are coming forward in the holiness meeting for Sanctification. The memorial service of Captain Ensign Richards was a most impressive meeting.

The D. O. and Ensign visited MARKHAM recently, and had a grand time. They enrolled ten recruits and had a presentation of colors. The meetings are good, and the Christian friends who attend render valuable help in the meetings.

Things are looking up generally in SHELBURNE. Capt. Isaac is in for victory. Good meetings are being held, and conversation stamped on many faces. "is what we city from the latest report.

Some Solid Sayings,

SPOKEN BY—

LONDON LISPERS.

BY J. E. M.

It is easier for a good man to go ahead and do right than for him to go back and do wrong, if he has the Spirit.

Young converts, if they would progress in divine things, should get and keep the victory in giving their testimony

The best kind of love for God is that which causes a man or woman to serve Him continually.

A warm offering not only helps people to give glory to God, but it also helps to vanquish the over-heated barracks. Try it when you feel warm and your audience is getting drowsy.

Sister A——said, "I am glad that when I see my neighbors going to the opera one night, I can say, I do not bother me a little bit, though I used to be greatly charmed by these things." When God comes in, He takes out all desire for such vanities, and gives reality.

I heard of a young man who got so convicted over watching a wave offering in an Army meeting that he came and got saved. It reminded him of the flipping of the angels' wings.

If a man is right with his God, he will be able to hold on his hat and look the world in the face. No bulrush, hang-dog business about the salvation of Jesus Christ.

The spirit of God may make a man appear foolish in the sight of the world, but he will be wise in the eyes of God, and a mercy to his family. The Spirit may make a fool of a man in the eyes of God, man and devil. Which is the best?

Some people cover up their sins under a red guernsey or a hallelujah dress.

Some folks sing, "Joy, joy," in the ring, and go home to curse their wives and children.

Some folks are always consecrating themselves to God and are never His after all.

When I was a boy I used to play marbles, sometimes for fun, sometimes for keeps. It seems to me that lots of people go to holiness meetings and get down to marbles for keeps. Lord help us to do so for keeps.

God will not say, "Well done thou good and *successful* servant!" but, "Thou good and faithful servant!" It will be faithful and success is sure to follow.

The best and most satisfactory way for us and God to let God have His way, Please Him, and it will surely mean being well pleased yourself.

It is good to have a "little go" salvation as well as one that is suitable for "big good."

If a man seeks Salvation out of a selfish motive, he will be disappointed; but if he seeks it to bless others also, he will find it to his own satisfaction.

Lots of people these days are "too fresh" and the devil has a picnic with them. is well to be seasoned with grace

Some people have so little of God about them that if you were to hold a real hot prayer meeting in their houses, even the cat and dog would strike for the door, while the children would scare with fright. Of course, these folks are Christians (?)

It has been remarked that if a couple live together for a length of time they will nearly grow to resemble each other, and to inherit each others, ways and manners. So, if a man lives with God he will grow like Him, and acquire His traits of character.

The biggest fool in the world is the man who fools or deceives his own heart.

If a man gets his messages from God he will never get left.

THE WAY THE DEVIL DOES IT.—A man worked a day for a dollar, spent it in one hour in drinking, and it took him ten hours to sober up and get over its effects. Four game to play, but thousands play it, and worse.

When a man is willing to lose his life, or his ease, God always takes away his sins and gives him real life.

Death is almost preferable to life in bondage, yet lots of Christians are living slaves to the lusts of the flesh, and endure religion. God pity such curses. God gives liberty and life.

If a man has the love of God in him will not hanker after the world, nor will not at all.

It will be a bad job for Christians who stick to the world, for get privileges every minute, to sleep all day and wake up in hell, to know that would work.

Christian life is like going up a hill, the closer we get to the top the nearer it brings the sky. So as we draw near to Christ we draw near to little children.

Mrs. Philpott told of inviting a little Grace one day and when she said

"Grace, who made you name?"

"The devil did it, mamma."

"Then what shall I do to him?"

"Take the stray and drive him out."

This was done, and the little "Mamma, I feel better now." I could not whip the devil out of my people.

Bro. A—told of how, after a victory. After he got converted travelling on business, he stayed at a hotel where the proprietor asked him to be prayed for, whereupon he got right. At first the proprietor said, "Take one and throw it away." But he gave to say "No." He said, "Pray for me." Now, was it worth while? Yes, it was worth a world of people. Yes, it was worth a world instead of yielding to the temptation.

"Mac," the Sotchman, is always in the pleasant of his soul. He has led lots of people striking out in some happiness last Rock of Ray, too he is a mercy to his family and also to crooked legs before night and found what they were looking for. Too much tangle-leg whiting.

The difference between a sinner and a saint is that a sinner is always going to be happy, but never is happy, while a saint is always enjoying the pleasure of being found.

A little girl, when mother was washing her face, said to her mamma, "Mamma, God don't wash His way with lots of people. They are cleansed and right, but they are trying to go through the process of washing.

God gives a man just what he needs every-day salvation that will enable him to live a holy life, and he is happy and contented here, and will be heaven when he dies. Have you got the kind of salvation?

Things Conductor Sellers Saw.

The Salvation Army has done more for the salvation of souls than any other agency on the globe put together.

Thousands of people seek the best in secret and are saved, and God knows it, but the creatures. God help them to be skinned Christians.

Thank God you can be saved without being skinned. I got converted, and Jesus Christ put it in or caused it to be.

I have spoken a word to some sinner day after day and week after week, and he seeks it to bless others also, he will find it to his own satisfaction.

Lots of people these days are "too fresh" and the devil has a picnic with them. is well to be seasoned with grace

Some people have so little of God about them that if you were to hold a real hot prayer meeting in their houses, even the cat and dog would strike for the door, while the children would scare with fright. Of course, these folks are Christians (?)

I am sorry I was ever a sinner, for it caused my mother much sorrow. God gives, and I have accepted His gift.

"NO HELL."

"I don't believe that God ever made a soul to be punished," said a man to me the other day.

Very true. He never did; but many people of this day forget that salvation is a necessity. God has made it a will of our own, and he leaves it to us, not that God's will should come out; but that our will should be His. Also He says, "Choose ye whom you will serve." The salvation is so simple that it puzzles people who seek it. I have spoken to them in their blindness, and they say, "Do God and get. His Spirit will come in and make you free." Oh, men, we do, turn from God.

QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY IN LONDON.

QUEEN BATS' CELEBRATION—BIG OPEN-AIR MEETING—SOLDIERS' CONVENTION ENSUE—PRISONERS IN THE BARRACKS—PRESENTATION OF NEW COLORS, LOTS OF OTHER THINGS.

Long and well-announced for some weeks back, and such strenuous efforts were put forth by Brigadier Philpott, D. O. Bowman, and the Divisional and local staff, it is no wonder that our three days' celebration in London were a decided success. Some 50 or 60 officers from the various stations in the Brigade gathered in, and seemed to have come to bless and be blessed.

On Saturday night, a grand welcome tea was held on the market square, where a platform had been erected and an open pulpit prepared specially for the occasion. A large crowd gathered to listen, though the air was rather chilly, yet the attention was good throughout, and much good was the result. Brigadier Philpott led, and was assisted by Lieut. Colonel Pearson.

On Sunday morning, the forces met for a full hour on the market at 7 a.m., and the reading of Scripture, followed by prayer for God's blessing on the efforts of the day, they went for a march around the city, the people of which were surprised, and quite a few hearts, as they were awakened out of their sleep. It is to be hoped that they will get up and out of their hearts before it is too late, when it will be a bad job for them when the trumpet sounds on the resurrection morning.

The holiness meeting at half-past ten was a time of great light and blessing. Several testimonies were given, and several souls sought the blessing at the hands of God.

At 3 p.m. there was a mammoth open-air held on the market, and those who were present could not but have enjoyed themselves, and profited. Following this was the holiness convention in the barracks, at which quite a crowd attended. Brigadier Philpott gave liberty while he opened the lesson, and it was just grand to hear his discourse on "Elijah and the prophets of Baal." The Brigadier is a "old-timer," and if you could hear this original S. A. of days of yore, Bro. Bowman's "Bless the Lord, O my soul," and "Bless the Lord," in a spirit that showed he meant it, and I tell you, he afterwards testified, that he was not ashamed of his followers of Christ without gloves, and no mistake. More power Bro. Mason, and let the devil have it harder.

On Sunday night, after a good time in the open-air, we went again to the hall, and had a good time, the Brigadier leading the meeting that followed which was more of a prayer meeting. Quite a number of souls were saved, and the different officers and soldiers gave a good testimony to God and sinners. A good collection was taken up. No souls surrendered, but I am certain many were convicted of the folly of a life of worldliness and sin.

At half past two in the afternoon we had a crowding room, and very interesting, being more than a sermon preached by our dear friend and brother in Christ, Conductor Sheridan, and God's Spirit was manifested in him, and God helped him to describe the simple, straight gospel truth to a crowded room. His text was "Christ is all, and in all." He was assisted by Brigadier Philpott and D.O. Sweetman, Ensign Eggen, Capt. Cowan, Capt. Cowan. Though this meeting was closed without souls coming forward, nevertheless, a lot of good was accomplished, and we doubt many a soul will yet praise God for the privilege of listening to the "Converted Soldier" Sheridan.

The final engagement took place in the evening and consisted of a great open-air demonstration in the barracks, followed by an officer's farewell and presentation of colors to the corps. Solos, duets and testimonies were rendered with each other, by the warriors and officers, and Secretary McGillivray read the lesson. Brigadier explained the colors to us and then presented to which the necessity of living out the spirit of them. Bro. Ogden received the flag on behalf of the corps, who promised to be true and carry them through the streets of the city for the glory of God. Souls were saved, and we hope to see the close of this meeting, and officers and soldiers separated to their different fields of labor, feeling the blessing of God been present at the three days' big go.

NOTES.

By the way, I forgot to mention that the town had a super visit the Brigadier and Staff on Saturday night, which was a very pleasing affair. Much credit is due Adjutant Andrews and Lewis, with their helpers, for the very creditable way it was

Capt. Beckie Brannigan was all there as usual, and while she is not very great in stature, she can still make some big folks hustle in singing through a chorus. She sings to quick time, I guess.

Capt. Cowan did not forget to remind the people that the Rescue Home is still alive, for she had a stall with goods for sale at the entrance to the barracks. God bless her in her noble work.

Staff-Captain Sweetman is coming to the front as an amateur printer, and had small dodgers scattered all abroad announcing the meetings, which were very good for his first attempt. Go forward, thou disciple of Gutenberg. J. H. M.

A WONDERFUL

Answer to Prayer.

For four years I prayed for a brother's Salvation. He had been for eighteen years a slave to strong drink. He became worse and worse. His health failed, and he was on the brink of a drunkard's grave. All who knew him gave him up for lost. At my request one morning I went to pray for death, which would have sealed his doom for ever and ever.

One Sunday afternoon I was in prayer for him, my heart full of grief and anxiety on his account, I was in concern, saying, "Have I done all I could to save him?"

It then came into my mind to write to the Editor of the WAR CRY, and tell the Army for his reclamation. I wrote, giving his name and address, and shortly after the letter appeared in the Cry.

A little while after, by a strange course of circumstances, he was brought to Clover Bar, to a holiness country place, and he began to pray and quit the drink.

From there he came to Vancouver, where he was induced to attend the Army meetings. It was here, one Sunday last winter, while at a holiness meeting, that he found peace. He wrote me, saying, "I have got the peace that passeth all understanding." Since then he has been happy all the time. His health is regained, his mind is sound.

"He leadeth me beside the still waters; He restoreth my soul."

Oh, the change His Word can effect, turning darkness into day!

I feel confident the notice I sent to the "War Cry" was instrumental in my brother's Salvation.

I know not who prayed the prayer of faith that saved him, but this I do know and can testify to:

"Safe in the arms of Jesus,
Safe on His gentle breast,
There by His love o'er-shaded,
Safely his soul will rest."

WM. S.

A Testament Stolen

IN ORDER TO BUY LIQUOR.

A gentleman once told the following story concerning himself:—

"I was a terrible drunkard. I had nearly broken my wife's heart. I had sold little girls' Testaments, and I had sold little girls' clothes, that she might go to school, and I sold them for drink. They gave her a little Testament. She was very fond of it, and loved it as her life. I was drunk, and these kind ladies sent a doctor who said

SHE COULD NOT LIVE,

and they also sent her at comforts they could, and watched to did not mind them for liquor.

One day I went to her bedside. I was drunk. I had taken everything I could lay my hands on. I looked around the room; there was nothing left, nothing to sell, could dispose of, yet I must have drink. I would have sold my child. I would have sold myself for whiskey. She reached her hand on the bed with the Testament clasped in her hands, partly dying. As I sat there, she handed me the Testament, and I turned from her fingers. Looking around the room I stretched out my shaking hand,

SEIZED THE BOOK,

and hastily thrust it into my bosom. I soon sneaked out and went to the tavern. What took me back to my child I cannot tell, but I sat again by her side. She was just sleeping, and I sat there for some time. She opened her eyes and saw me. Reaching out her hand to clasp mine, she said, "Jim, I am going to die, and when I die I shall go to Jesus, for He told little children to come unto Him. I was given out of my Testament. Oh papa, oh papa, what shall I tell Him?" It struck me like lightning. I sat for a few moments and then fell down on my knees by the bedside of my child and cried, "God be merciful to me a sinner." That whisper was the last word she passed my lips. She died in a few days with her hand in mine, and her last words were, "We shall look for Jesus now."

SAULT STE. MARIE.

The Town Taken by Surprise—The Devil Routed and Three of his Rank and File Captured.

Capt. David Richmond and his brother, Smiling Billy, were passing through the Soo, and having to wait for a train for hour, the Lord had a man ready to bring them to my place.

We were so glad to see anything that even looked like the Salvation Army, that we were soon on our knees thanking and praising the Lord.

Then the Lord put it into my head to arrange an open-air and public meeting. The Captain and his hallelujah brother said "amen."

Next morning I secured a hall, and had the meeting announced in the public school.

The devil said, "I don't think it is wise to have a public meeting—they will say, "The Army was here and had to leave." but, hallelujah, we know the old devil and what he is after, so we paid no attention to him or what the people say.

At eight o'clock out we go, trusting in God for victory, a big drum, two fifes and a tambourine. It seemed to put the town in an uproar; the dogs barked, the children cried, the people gathered around. Then we halted, levelled our guns and fired right into them. We then marched back to the hall with a grand crowd. One soul in the fountain. Mr. Dawson, jailer, very kindly offered his hall free of charge. God bless him. He is one sin-sick friend, and loves to see them saved, and is ever ready to help on the work of the Lord and I trust he will be saved. Good was the night meeting, fair crowd, and fair order, with great expectations on our part. Not disappointed were we, although we finished at 11 o'clock.

SORE KNEES AND HOARSE THROATS,

but oh, hallelujah, glad hearts and faces at the sight of four penitents, one girl and three men. Three of them were Salvationists, one man of them the son of a father and mother's prayers in Old England were ascending to the Throne on behalf of their boy, who had been separated from home to get away from religious influences.

Oh, these races, the curse of our cities and towns. Georgetown was full of people next day, so, rallying forth with the Cars, I bombarded the saloons in the afternoon. Oh the number of men who thronged these devil traps.

The Queen's birthday meant a good harvest to the devil and his bookmakers, but I have faith to believe that out of the numbers who heard the message of the Salvation from their parents, having been personally experienced by myself, there will be fruit gathered by the Saviour, although it may be manifested in the Army WAR CRY. Well, where the opportunity occurred, I dropped selling the papers and

WENT STRAIGHT FOR THEIR SOULS.

Jesus wonderfully helped me.

In the afternoon, I commenced with a bang, preceded the grand jubilee at night. Interruptions in the open-air meeting, continued, but we overcame the hosts of the Saviour in their assaults against and execution amongst the devil's ranks, and negatively sacrifice and we brought joy to our hearts.

After the meeting, which went off well and happily with the exception of the finish to the meetings, which we at Salvationists look for to complete one another's happiness, a coffee supper was designated for personally, and then I returned to Toronto by the night train to plunge once more into the renewed fight for precious souls for the Temple. FRED. T. MILLER.

Centre Street Gets Roused.

"Well, well! I can hardly believe it! Surely it can't be! Well, well!"

"Say, don't ejaculate so much, but tell us what you are talking about."

"Well, it's so surprising, and so good, I am almost afraid to tell it for fear folks don't believe it."

"Well, let's have it. We know you are saved, and don't tell lies."

"Would you believe it, I saw Centre St. corps marching last Thursday night thirty strong. They had a "big go," and inside the barracks was comfortably seated. Four comrades gave their experiences; Billy Patterson, the ex-year 1891 Salvationist, Mr. Wheatley, policeman; Cedar Moore, whose girl fire years in Hong Kong, China; and Sam, the converted drunkard. Four souls were taken to Jesus, to which the people responded splendidly."

"Was that all?"

"No; Capts. Brooks, Butler, McKee, Rose, Knight, Stockman, Bennett, Chapple, and a number of Rescue and Garrison cadets were also there."

"Well, then, let us praise the Lord."

PROTUS.

Kaleidescope Brigade Wanderings.

Welcomed at Acton—Novel Collection—Eye-Openers—Big Crowds—Deep Interest.

NEXT day, May 15th, the members of our Brigade once more brought to light the silk hats which had been kept safely and free from dust in a dark corner of the office, and soon we were on our way to the station. An attractive feature was, no doubt, the great variety of costumes of all shapes, colors, and qualities.

On our arrival in Acton, Capt. Scarr, the big and the little drum met us at the depot, the latter being carried by two soldiers.

Ensign Rose, a good-natured soldier, the Captain and your humble servant had a share of carrying the baggage of the whole Troupe. I myself had one satchel over my back, two in one hand, a banjo in the other, and various articles of clothing of different parts where I could possibly carry such.

The band struck up and on we marched through the Main Street of pretty Acton. The rising generation, from petticoat to small knee-pants, were lining the sidewalks.

We soon were dispersed to our billets, and after supper met for a march. A large crowd gathered in the open-air, and we seized the opportunity of

Firing Some Bomb-Shells

among them.

This meeting inside started off with, "Oh yes, there's Salvation for you." We sang three verses of this swinging tune, which caused very much still interest, and could only be distinguished by the different times they were sung. The singing and attention took good hold of the people, and the audience appreciated everything that was said and done.

It transpired to me that the barracks was by far too small to hold our crowds for Sunday, so we proposed to the crowd that if they would help us with a special collection, we would have the Town Hall. I held up the highest extremity of my apparel, commonly known as "Peg-leg," and the boys commenced to fire away. There was a regular fusilade of coppers,

and when we counted up we had $2.10. At once Adversitched the treasurer to secure the Town Hall, which was done. Ensign Rose with an earnest appeal drew the meeting to a close.

Sunday morning we commenced our meeting sharp at 7 a.m., and after fifteen minutes' knee-drill we marched around the walls of Acton, blowing our horns with all our might. Although we did not

Circumnavigate the Fort

seven times with our march, yet we were fully forty-five minutes at wakening up the dead, and the Lord blessed us. Our

march was original, as we had plenty of space in it.

After breakfast I had a few miles' walk out to the outpost, where we had a blessed time with a few of God's children, and at the same time an opportunity of warning those who were in sin to flee from the doom.

The band boys, led by Ensign Rose, conducted the holiness meeting in the barracks.

We also are glad to acknowledge thankfully the announcement which the Presbyterian and Methodist ministers made during their services.

In the afternoon we found a nice audience awaiting us in the Town Hall when we returned from our march, and the open-air song, "Oh, I'm glad I'm ready," went with a swing. After several had prayed earnestly that God would use His children, we went in for a real Jubilee meeting time. Not a minute was lost. Capt. Wyse sang,

"O, Ring Ben Bolt."

which carried the day wherever we went.

John M. O. Horn read the lesson from John III. and commented on it, earnestly entreating the people to come to Him who came to save the world and not to condemn it.

Ensign Rose treated us with a song of his own composition, "A Saviour who's days gone by's same." We then opened the meeting for Christians in the audience to testify, and a number of them seized the opportunity.

Frank Morris called "Never give in to the devil's advice," and exhorted the people to sing, threatening to charge them if come at the door at night that they would not do so.

Capt. Elliott gave his experience, demonstrating that God could save the moral people and those who are patted on the back by their friends as being goodenough, and that not only the great sinners needed the Saviour.

Ensign Wood solced "I'm happy," which we all were, and so we testified. Every body seemed to be delighted, and the Spirit of the Lord was in the midst of us.

After we had had one of our singing-battles, we brought the meeting to a close with the blessed consciousness that we had delivered the message which the Lord had given to us.

Before the march at night, we had a blessed little time with the soldiers, and on our return found a very fair crowd in the Hall. They came streaming in as the meeting went on, until the Hall was fairly seated.

"Oft have I heard Thy tender voice" was the opening song and the key-note for our meeting, and our minds went on a solid Salvation time, and we felt that God indeed had hold of the proceedings and was working among the sinners.

After some earnest prayer we sang on

our knees, "On Calvary's brow my Saviour died," and while singing the sweet assurance filled our souls that the Salvation purchased there had become our own experience. We continued with "Jesus, the Name high over all" to a grand old tune which

The Congregation Took Up

real well. Capt. Horn told the audience the secret of his happiness, and offered the same essence of joy to the souls who were in misery.

Captain Elliott sang from the WAR CRY, "A never-failing Friend" which was followed up by the experience of the Treasurer; they used to call him "Drunkard Tom," but the power of God has reached him and made him sober. He was not afraid for people to inspect his life, but he wished to be a light for God. This was followed up by a solo from Capt. Wyse, "My heart is now my Saviour's home." He told the people this was also his experience, and told of the depth of sin from which he had been rescued by the power of God. He plainly testified that the unsaved to come to the fountain that could wash clean.

Ensign Wood sang "Down at the fountain wonders are wrought," and illustrated the wondrous love of God by a very appropriate anecdote which will my readers relate here, but which you may hear when we come around to your place.

"Oh, what a Saviour," grabbed the people, and although it was getting late, yet not one soul moved during this song, especially the last verse of the tune,

Guilty, Condemned to Die Eternity!

brought, we believe, the awful condition of the Christ-rejecter before the audience, and we believe many souls saw at that time their terrible condition.

Ensign Rose continued to urge upon the people the necessity of a quick decision, seeing how the great establishment of hell never ceased, but is always busy to delude souls.

We read a few verses from the Word of God and went into the prayer meeting. It was a hard fight and none yielded to the steadings of the Spirit. We believe that the Lord did put His seal on our meetings, and we believe that the direct or indirect results shall be revealed in the great morning.

Many were the invitations to come back again, and when we went to our billets, though tired, yet we rejoiced over the blessing which we had partaken of during our stay in Acton.

We wish to thank all our kind friends who provided billets for the boys, and did all in their power to make us comfortable.

God speed till we meet again. B. F.

The Kaleidescope Band at Richmond St.

All the week long, a large, glaring announcement, was to be seen on the corner of Spadina Ave., and Queen St., announcing the visit of the above mentioned band to old No. 1. Capt. Dyson seemed to have done his very best in making this meeting a grand success.

Tuesday night came round at last, and soon after 7 o'clock, we were on our knees in the Temple asking the Divine blessing of our heavenly Father to be our company us and give us a good time. Prayer over, we formed up two deep and away we go, our "play-pen" attracting the attention of the hundreds as they charged busy Queen St. I really must confess, that some of these hats looked rather "ancient," but then

We do it all for Jesus,

and to attract the crowd, that we may tell them of His power to save.

At 7.40, we were formed up outside of Old No. 1, Kaleidescope Band to the front and the band belonging to the corps to the rear waiting for the word forward, which was soon given by Staff-Capt. Friedrich, who, accompanied by Ensign Rose each with a banjo over their shoulders, led the way. The band made things hum to the tune of No. 110.

The opening was good, and the Captain's announcement about this being

The only Kaleidescope Band

on the Continent, composed of eight skilled musicians, brought quite a number to the meeting.

Inside, the meeting was started with "March on, march on, heed not the cannon's roar," and soon the Spirit took the blessings which God blessed us with.

After Ensign R—— had given us something from the Word, and Ensign W—— had soloed, an original song, which was composed for the occasion, was given and evidently "took the cake." The Staff-Captain's verse ahout

"Now I'm on the Rock, once I was in the ditch;
And my name you all know is Bruno Friedrich,"

caused quite a little amusement to those present.

With song and testimony the truth was driven home, but after the invitation was given and several had prayed, we were forced to close the meeting without seeing any results. We know not what the future will reveal, but one thing we do, and that is earnestly pray that God will use it all in Salvation of souls.

In closing, I should like to say to my readers, that if the "band" is announced to visit your corpt, do not fail to come and them, as they always have something new and their object is to be a blessing.

NIOR.

A SUNDAY'S FIGHT.

We commenced at seven Sunday morning with a knee-drill led by the Sergeant-Major and Cand. Orr, where we felt much of God's presence, and I should like to let my readers have some of the testimonies for a change.

Treasurer—"Saved and trusting in Jesus. When I got up, I found I had salvation—had not left it behind in the bed. I am glad I never forgot the Lord as some do when they get up. I was put in the lock-up for serving Jesus I would not want to be pried out with crowbars, as

The Man Was the Other Night.

Bro. Foot means to fight the battle through

And Live that Others may Follow Him.

Rank Sergt. thanks God for the desire He gives him to go on to victory. He is determined to do his part and

Nothing will be Left Undone.

Sister Q——, who never has joined but one knee-drill since giving God her heart, and is now about three months in the army says she thanks God for the way God is leading her and determined to follow all the way.

Sister O——, in her reading from James III., said although we are in a war, it is one that brings peace. She felt sometimes like crying out, "Set the unto my tongue!" because she says things in the congregation of sinners that would be better unsaid. We cannot tame our tongue, but God can. When she entered the Army, she was for life, and she desired to do more for the half-damned world. We used the sound getting all day and many were wounded, and as soon as the pool was opened at night two souls came and fell at the office then, but Satan fled, filling the joy of their souls. We had, as is natural, a real hallelujah wind-up and a search around the hall; in which Jesus took part. Look out for greater things in future. Yours for souls,

CAPT. JOS. W.

ANY POOR GIRL NEEDING A FRIEND, WRITE TO US. We Will Help You!

To PARENTS, RELATIVES and FRIENDS.

SEND IN PARTICULARS OF

Any lost girl you want to find.
Any lost relative you want to find.
Any young girl you want to be rescued.
Any young girl you want to be placed in your home.

ADDRESS—Address all letters, CONSCRIPTS T. H. Commissioner of War Office, Toronto, Out. marked "Inquiry."

NEW LIST.

[illegible] of Information wanted of W. A. CAMPBELL, who left Brighton for Toronto with Mr. Middlemore in the year 1884. Please address Mrs. Mary Morgan, Brighton, Ontario. Friends are anxious about him.

[illegible] of Information wanted of ALFRED TIMMINS, who left Brighton for Toronto with Mr. Middlemore in the year 1884. Please address Mrs. Mary Morgan, Brighton, Ontario. Friends are anxious about him.

[illegible] of Information wanted of ALFRED WILLIAMS, who left Brighton for Toronto with Mr. Middlemore in the year 1884. Please address Mrs. Mary Morgan, Brighton, Ontario. Friends are anxious about him.

REPRINTED FROM LAST WEEK.

[illegible] of Information wanted of ROBERT FLETCHER GHOUGH, Carter, Yorkshire, England, last heard of in "Seaman's Rest" Montreal, between 1880 and 1886 [illegible] Please address Mrs. Mary Ann Ghough. His relatives are in great anxiety concerning him. Any information that would lead to his whereabouts would be gladly given. Address information to T. H. Adams, Commissioner S. A. The Temple, Toronto, Ontario, Canada. United States Crys please copy.—2-6-6.

[illegible] of Information wanted of WALTER NICHOLL, aged 38, height 5 ft. 8 in., last heard of in Toronto, Ont., 1878 and for Montreal, Canada, to live with Mr. T. Ross, of Montreal, Canada. Please address Mrs. Ann Nicholl, 7 Ann St., Harry Anderson & Co., contractors, P. O. Box 1, Montreal, Canada. Friends are anxious. Send information to T. H. Adams, Commissioner S.A., The Temple, Toronto, Ontario, Canada. United States Crys please copy.—5-6-6.

[illegible] of Information wanted of LEONARD GEORGE BATCHELOR. Eight years old, dark hair, blue eyes. Disposition lively, age 16, walks with a swing. Had been working on farms near Montreal. A year ago his address was, care of Miss Ladner, Station Flat, P.Q. Friends are anxious about him. Please address T. H. Adams, Commissioner S.A. The Temple, Toronto, Ontario, Canada. United States Crys please copy. Please send information to Mrs. Ann Batchelor, 7 Ann St., Montreal, Canada.—5-6-6.

[illegible] of Information wanted of JOHN DEAN, who left Bradford, Yorkshire, England and two children, Lydia and Elizabeth, in February 1882. Last address was Toronto, Ontario, Canada. Lydia, age 21, was working on a railroad, and was married to a Mr. Wm. Wilson, Toronto, Ontario, Canada. United States Crys please copy. Please address T. H. Adams, Commissioner, Salvation Army, The Temple, Toronto, Ontario, Canada.—5-6-6.

[illegible] of Information wanted of the whereabouts of MRS. WILLIAM LAMBERT. Last heard of in Toronto, 81 Church Street. Supposed to be a member of the Salvation Army. Please address information to T. H. Adams, Commissioner, The Temple, Toronto.—5-6-6.

[illegible] of Information wanted of PATRICK FLYNN. Please address information to T. H. Adams, Commissioner, Salvation Temple, Toronto, Ontario.—5-6-6.

[illegible] of Information wanted of HUGH A. CAMERON. When last heard from he was in Greenbank, Ontario. Please address information to T. H. Adams, Commissioner, Salvation Temple, Toronto, Ontario, Canada. United States Crys please copy.—5-6-6.

[illegible] of Information wanted as to the whereabouts of ANNIE MCCOLL. Last heard from about ten years ago. He was then at Chebogan, Muskoka, P. O. Please address information to T. H. Adams, Commissioner, Salvation Temple, Toronto, Ontario, Canada. United States Crys please copy.—5-6-6.

[illegible] of Information wanted of WILLIAM S. COLLINS. Last heard of in Toronto, Ont., 1882. Supposed to be in Ontario of 1882. He was then in Owen Sound. He left Toronto with a wife to be here, to T. H. Adams, Commissioner S. A. The Temple, Toronto.—5-6-6.

[illegible] If this should meet the eye of WILLIAM CHOUGH, he is informed that he will see something to his advantage by writing to T. H. Adams, Commissioner S. A. Inquiring as to the whereabouts of his father, William Chough, who left Bradford, Yorkshire, England, for Toronto, Ontario, Canada, in 1884. Please address information to Mrs. Ann Chough, 7 Ann St., Montreal, Canada.

A large Newfoundland dog marched into barracks in H. on a recent Wednesday night, as our comrades were on their knees, and good-natured he was. His place beside the Captain on the platform.

HIGH PARK, TORONTO, BOMBARDED, ON MAY 25TH.

The Salvation Army exists for the purpose of wars all times and in all places. Accordingly a detachment of the same mustered in High Park on May 25th.

Early in the morning they began to arrive from all parts of the city, on foot, by rail, and in van, until they numbered a few hundred. The

Uniformed Devil-fighters

formed the chief attraction of the day. There were lively meetings, Junior and Senior, Germans and aforemans, and while I cannot report the saving of any souls, I am confident from the testimonies given, and the numbers heard outside that the day's work will bear fruit, though it may be indirectly.

The valuable servant left the Temple about 10.15 on that beautiful morning, and after procuring a new note book for the occasion, proceeded westward by a Queen St. car, arriving on the scene of action about 12 o'clock. This was his first visit to this place and he would like to see it again. After about five minutes' walk over a dusty, winding road.

The Sunset Drum

indicated the whereabouts of the S. A. A few steps more, a climb up a steep hill, and he finds himself upon a high rolling ridge, fringed on one side and dotted here and there with trees, and descending on the other side in an irregular slope to the Humber Lake. Right in the centre of this beautiful natural platform the Army was holding a meeting. Just I arrived in time to hear only the latter part of it.

Dinner being next on the programme, the crowd was soon ensnarled with family-like groups, who proceeded to relieve the large baskets of their contents in a manner which indicated

Anything but Ill Health.

But the writer, having made no provision for this hour, and being of rather a forward nature when himself is concerned, decided to sit quietly on the bank and take in the proceedings until the afternoon the Junior meeting commenced attention. Ensign Logan was leading, and the songs and testimonies from the children were interesting. Your informant was specially interested in a dust-dialogue, representing a conversation between saved and unsaved kids; a begging song, accompanied by a juvenile antcharp, and, "I'm a soldier in the Salvation band."

Next in order came the Senior meeting, the meeting of the day, led by Brig. Margetts and Adjt. Addie. This was preceded by a march, and—great gathering and two drums, one of the latter being used as

Both Platform and Collection Plate,

Stirring and inspiring songs interspersed the numerous testimonies which were definite and pointed. Here is the pith of a

"When I came to God for Salvation I hardly knew how to approach Him, but I just said, 'Here, Lord; I have nothing to offer in my defence,' and felt the change at once. Now I want to do nothing that I cannot ask God's blessing upon."

"God has taken away the thirst for the drink, and now He will let me drink of the Water of Life."

An old man of about sixty years saved a few months ago, "I spent the greater part of my life as a teetotaler, but an evil hour in a day I commenced. I gave way to drink." (He had not then a personal acquaintance with a Saviour who could keep him.) "I have been in this park many times for my own pleasure, but this is the first holiday here as a saved man. I have been here often to

Catch and Study Insects,

but I am here to-day to catch souls. In giving up tobacco, I find faith that is unmeasury, and then that I could not ask God's blessing upon it. Since God has changed me, all my desires are to follow after Him."

An Indian comrade—"I was a big sinner, but God changed me six years ago. Jesus is holy, and He lives in me making me holy Indian."

Another Indian comrade.—"I was a drunkard, but Jesus took out all sin and made me free. Now I serve Him with a full heart, and He is going to keep me."

Among the songs were,

"We're bound to win, oh yes,
We'll ne'er give in, oh no,
By faith we see the kingdom coming,
In the year of Jubilee."

Also two from our Indian comrades, in their own tongue:—

"Angels are waiting,"

and,

"Oh, I am happy,
For Jesus lives with me,
I'm on my way to Canaan's land,
Beyond the Crystal Sea."

Reading from Luke xix. 41-44, in his remarks, the Brigadier said, "God is no inconsiderate Judge, as some people think. He loves the sinner, but hates the sin. He has conditionally placed the destiny of your soul in your own hands. Are you going to sell that soul for the pleasures of a month?

Mrs. Margetts in appealing to the unsaved, said, "I sought for Jesus, and found peace to my heart, and joy to my life. I found it in Jesus, and I like this way of living. Some of you, I know, have been here, and want to be saved, but you will not wake up some morning and find yourself saved. You must make a decision, or you will reach the end for which you are bound. All our comrades tell the same story—saved from sin, satisfied by the grace of God. What are you going to do?"

I am certain that among all those who sought the treasure on this day, none were so well satisfied with the day's work themselves as the S.A.

LEWIS.

NOW FOR SOME EXCITEMENT.

A thrilling, interesting, attractive, and illustrated serial story called,

"HOLY ANN,"

will appear in future issues of the CRY, running through several numbers. At the head of chapter I., appears next week will be "Holy Ann's" photo. Now for some interesting reading.

"War Cry" & "Young Soldier" COMPETITION LIST,

FOR WEEK OF JUNE 6th, 1891.

The Three Famous D. O's. Look at Their Pictures

305. TOTAL RISE THIS WEEK. **305.**

Brigadier Jacobs Adds 150.
Brigadier Glover Piles on 100.
Brigadier Margetts Increases 110
Brigadier Spooner's Rise of 65.
Major Morris Rushes on Another 110.
Brigadier Philpott is Steady.

Adjt. Addie's Grand Move—He adds 110.
D.O. Grayson's Good Work—She adds 110
Major Scott's Plucky Effort—He adds 110

Adjt. Collier Rises he—D. O. Marshall Rises—Sr. Sr. Cousins Rises Small Move—Still D. O. Sharp Piles on—Lt. Leonard's Grand Increase of 75—D.O. Southall Again on the War-Path—Major Callaway Again Shows Will-Sing—Well Done! Major Scott—Three Cheers for the Newfoundland Brave!

THE FOLLOWING CORPS HAVE MADE SOME GOOD WORK THIS WEEK:—SHELBURNE, TORONTO II, TORONTO V, NEWMARKET, OAKVILLE, DIGBY, N.S., BAY ROBERTS, N.F., GALT, QUEBEC II, RENFREW, NEW WESTMINSTER, B.C., VANCOUVER, B.C., ACADIA MINES, N.S., DUBLIN, N.F.

Middle Bay, N.F., is the Only Defaulter this Week. Oh!

*Eastern Brigade, Brig. Jacobs.....7745
*East Ont. & Que. Brigade, Brig. Glover. 5820
*Central Brigade, Brig. Margetts 5080
*Western Brigade, Major Morris.....4825
*Hamilton Brigade, Brig. Spooner....4570
West Ontario Brigade, Brig. Philpott ..4095

DIVISIONAL CHAMPIONS.

Winnipeg Man.) Capt. Alkenhead.. 800
Victoria (B.C.) Capt. McIntyre.... 725
Montreal I (Montreal) Capt. Watson 650
St. John I (St. John) Capt. Andrews. 550
*Toronto II (Toronto) Capt. Coombs.. 475
Fredericton I (Moncton) Capt. Fielder 420
Peterboro (Peterboro) Capt. J. Gale.. 400
Halifax I (Halifax) Capt. Ilett.... 380
London II (London) Capt. Jones.... 375
Kingston (Kingston) Capt. Barber.... 375
Hamilton I (Hamilton) Capt. Hunter.. 325
Ulph (Woodstock) Capt. Savage.... 350
Ottawa (Ottawa) Capt. Connett.... 300
Chatham (Chatham) Capt. Elliott.... 280
Barrie (Barrie) Capt. Miller..... 210

*TORONTO DIVISION.

ADJUTANT ADDIE in command.

*Toronto II	Capt. Coombs	475
*Toronto IV	" Gerow	445
Toronto VI	" Clark	410
Toronto I	" Dyson	325
Toronto V	" Wade	225
Owen Sound	" Milner	155
Toronto III	" Moss	150
Toronto XII	" Seidel	140
Toronto VIII	" Lowry	112
Toronto VII	" Bailey	140
Toronto XI	" Westacott	135
Toronto XII	" Harris	130
Markham	" Hubbard	100
Whitby	" Wakefield	80
Orangeville	" Houston	75
*Shelburne	" Isnor	75
		3355

MONCTON DIVISION.

MAJOR BAUGH in command.

Fredericton	Capt. Fielder	420
Charlottetown	" Pradsham	200
Moncton	" McLean	195
Woodstock	" Hughes	190
Chatham	" E. Allan	175
St. Stephen	" Allen	170
Spring Hill Mines	" Larder	165
Pictou	" Wright	150
Amherst	" Larder	150
Newcastle	" Knight	150
Summerside, P.E.I	" Allen	125
Parrsboro'	" Watson	95
St. George	" Smith	90
Campbellton	" March	80
Georges', P.E.I.	" Rafuse	75
Hillsboro	" Gordon	75
		2615

*ST. JOHN, N. B., DIVISION.

STAFF-CAPT. COUBINS in command.

St. John I	Capt. Andrews	550
St. John V	" Sr. Sr. Attiwell	275
Yarmouth	" Capt. D. Creighton	225
St. John III	" Byers	140

The above illustration represents the three Divisional Officers who have each done good work this week. Their names are Major Scott, D. O. Grayson and Adjt. Addie. All three are they have well earned their respective good positions in the Competition List. Other D.O's have done well, and it is with great joy and pleasure that I have to record this week an increase of

80 "WAR CRYS"; 225 "Y.S." TOTAL, 305.

*BRITISH COLUMBIA DIVISION.

STAFF-CAPTAIN GRAYSON in command.

Victoria	Capt. McIntyre	750
*New Westminster	" Coulter	525
*Vancouver	" Scott	480
Nanaimo	" Fraser	400
Calgary	" Hiltz	300
		2455

MANITOBA DIVISION.

MAJOR MORRIS in command.

Winnipeg	Capt. Alkenhead	800
Brandon	" Frith	460
Selkirk	"	250
Portage la Prairie*	" Reneie	245
Neepawa	" Iversch	150
Carberry	" Hoskins	130
Emerson	" McGill	125
Moose Jaw	" Gordon	115
Morden	" Isaacson	95
		2360

LONDON DIVISION.

STAFF-CAPT. SWEETMAN in command.

London	Capt. Jones	375
Chatham	" Hahn	210
Goderich	" Scarr	170
Seaforth	" Branigan	140
Sarnia	" Smith	140
Petrolia	" Cowan	135
Palmerston	" Husted	125
London II	" Tugina	110
Strathroy	" Pepper	110
Forest	" Slote	100
Lucknow	" Wells	90
Wingham	" Moore	90
Mitchell	" Thackery	80
Clinton	" Hayes	80
Watford	" Fisher	80
Wiarton	" Barber	80
Parkhill	" Wallace	75
St. Marys	" Ogilvie	75
Brussels	" Sweet	75
		2315

*HALIFAX DIVISION.

ADJUTANT COLLIER in command.

Halifax I	Capt. Ilett	380
Halifax II	" Bent	250
Windsor	" Desbrisay	210
New Glasgow	" Kinsley	210
Liverpool	" McCabe	165
Halifax III	" Wolters	160
North Sydney	" Alward	140
Dartmouth	" Davis	140
*Acadia Mines	" Leavitt	120
Westville	" McLean	110
Sydney	" Jennings	110
Truro	" Boggs	110
Lunenburg	" Hutchinson	80
Stellarton	" Gettins	80
		2305

*MONTREAL DIVISION.

STAFF-CAPT. MARSHALL in command.

Montreal I	Capt. Watson	650
*Quebec II	" McGuiness	250
Sherbrooke	" Andrews	190
Montreal II	" Mitchell	175
Bedford	" McKoo	115
Chesterville	" McKeen	110
Lachute	" Osmond	100
Coaticooke	" Goodwin	100
Maxville	" Liddell	100
St. Winchester	" Wooley	100
Waterloo	" Crowe	85
Cowansville	" Batten	85
Richmond	" Mavity	75
Knowlton	" Harding	75
		2185

*OTTAWA DIVISION.

ADJUTANT LEONARD in command.

Ottawa	Capt. Connett	330
Cornwall	" Webb	250
Perth	" Lindsay	140
Pembroke	" Payne	140
Morrisburg	" Ludgate	130
Kemptville	" Switzer	115
Carleton Place	" McKinnon	110
Brockville	" Gamey	105
Cobden	" Carter	105
Prescott	" Baker	75
*Renfrew	" Crosby	75
		1610

*HAMILTON DIVISION.

STAFF-CAPT. SOUTHALL in command.

Hamilton I	Capt. Hunter	325
Brantford	" Barber	210
St. Catharines	" Jones	210
Dundas	" Ward	175
Simcoe	" Hall	150
Hamilton II	Capt. Pike	140
Niagara Falls	" Fitzgerald	140
Welland	" Wright	140
Fort Erie	" Wood	110
		1720

*BARRIE DIVISION.

MAJOR CALMPOLIN in command.

Barrie	Capt. Miller	210
Orillia	" Wilkinson	140
Every Sound	" Dayman	110
Collingwood	" Bond	110
Bracebridge	" Gale	110
*Newmarket	" Gale	110
Travenhurst	" Elliott	110
Huntsville	" Elliott	110
Gravenhurst	" Cooper	110
Midland	" Cooper	110
Uxbridge	" King	110
		1750

*NEWFOUNDLAND.

MAJOR SCOTT in command.

St. John's II	Capt. Hynden	125
St. John's I	" McDonald	125
Harbor Grace	" McLean	125
Carbonear	" Campbell	125
Little Bay	" Roach	125
*Bay Roberts	" Allen	125
Twillingate	" Greighton	125
		2175

KINGSTON DIVISION.

STAFF-CAPT. MOLSWORTH in command.

Kingston	Capt. Barber	375
Gananoque	" Bradley	215
Belleville	" Fox	210
Cobourg	" Carvill	175
Napanee	" Hexle	150
Picton	" Whyte	110
Deseronto	" Crazy	110
Picton	" Worr	110
Campbellford	" Crosby	100
Bloomfield	" East	100
Brighton	" Kett	80
Norwood	" Walker	80
Tweed	" Vanhouterik	75
Bath	" Grainger	75
Trenton	" Bromley	75
		2025

*WOODSTOCK DIVISION.

STAFF-CAPT. SHARP in command.

Guelph	Capt. Savage	350
*Galt	" Turner	280
Woodstock	" Maltby	250
Ingersoll	" Gaze	250
St. Thomas	" Goodchild	250
Paris	" Cargill	125
Berlin	" Fisher	125
Otisenburg	" Richardson	125
Norwich	" Ireland	100
Ayr	" Branigan	75
Acton	" Scarr	75
		1960

CHATHAM DIVISION.

ADJT. HOWELL in command.

Chatham	Capt. Elliott	510
Windsor	" Graves	260
Hidgetown	" Hay	160
Essex Centre	" McIntyre	125
Wallaceburg	" Ogilvie	100
Kingsville	" Parker	90
Dresden	" Sergeant	90
Blenheim	" Howe	80
Leamington	" Gibbs	80
Bothwell	" Madge	80
Thamesville	" Topham	80
Amherstburg	" Markle	80
Wheatley	" Hunt	80
Tilbury East	" McKinnon	75
Tilbury Centre	" Ogilvie	75
		1750

PETERBORO DIVISION.

STAFF-CAPT. BRATTY in command.

Peterboro	Capt. Gale	400
Oshawa	" Butler	300
Port Hope	Capt. Ayre	200
Bowmanville	" S.-C. Banks	190
Lindsay	Capt. Stephenson	150
Whitby	" Murray	95
Uxbridge	" White	95
Brooklin	" Barker	85
Millbrook	" Stockton	85
Sutton	" Boyle	75
Pembroke Falls	" Cockerill	75
Mt. Albert	" McKenzie	75
		2305

*SARNIA DIVISION.

St. John II	Capt. Hynden	125
*Digby	" McDonald	125
Carleton	" McLean	125
Carbonear	" Campbell	125
Bear River	" Roach	125
Bridgetown	" Allen	125
Annapolis	" Greighton	125
		2175

*NEWFOUNDLAND.

MAJOR SCOTT in command.

St. John's II	Capt. Hynden	125
St. John's I	Adjt. Taylor	125
Harbor Grace	Capt. Taylor	125
Carbonear	" Campbell	125
Little Bay	" Roach	125
*Bay Roberts	" Roach	125
Twillingate	" Greighton	125
		2175

COMPETITION NOTES.

BY PETO.

"War Cry" TEXT—"He ready to resume." Tim. iv. 3.

That's a capital text. I am sure we every Sal'vationist needs to read the CRY and Y. S.

Why should the "Cry" not be sold systematically, and in a business way?

The milk-man distributes his milk, market-gardener distributes his vegetables. The butcher distributes his meat. The Salvationist distributes literature; and I hope each one will do it with greater energy, do it all the best to get a copy of the "Young Soldier" into as many homes as you can.

Well, well. With joy I put down the notes. It is a continuous rise, for Blessed be the Lord for the increase in circulation. It is nothing to shout at, but it is something to be.

Now really I am getting excited to help it. Take a good look at the figures. The increase this week is

80 War Crys.
225 Young Soldiers.

Total 305.

For weeks past, the circulation is going ahead, and continuously it is nearer and nearer to that 30,000 mark.

I shall do my level best to get over it that number; and then I go on to that 50,000 "Young Soldiers" also circulated throughout the Dominion, and then I shall be ready for higher issues. All hands to the rope!

In general, things look very good this week. Some of the D.O's have been working along at a good pace, and have pushed up their divisions with zeal. I know there are still some stories ahead for them. Yes! Yes!!

The following are a few hints by way of a call the D.O's:

1. Don't take your War Cry post office till Saturday.

2. Don't read anything in the meeting.

3. At the meeting, get up and have the new Song, and tune. I know what is in them; but how everybody to buy one and get it sent to you?

They won't.

4. Don't sing from it till they have, have only one copy, and sing a tune which nobody knows.

5. Don't take them to open-air. Don't have a War Cry meeting if you do, have one who knows about the paper and never read it.

6. Don't offer War Cries to people who want them, let them take trouble to ask for them.

7. Always keep them out of the meetings.

8. Never take them out of the meetings. You might chance to sell a few.

9. Never sign the pledge on them. Enough to be together not only give them a

Brave Shelburne, in Toronto Div.,
Must really be on the go!
They've added twenty-five.
While Lippincott still rises higher,
Adds twenty-five, by blood and fire,
Which shows they're all alive.

Toronto V. can't catch old II.
Which makes Don warriors look blue,
Although they've added ten.
Newmarket, too, adds ten again,
And Captain Gale is not ashamed.
He's one of the faith men.

The Captain of the Oakville corps,
Has added five, plus a full score,
While Galt goes higher still,
By adding five, and Quebec II,
Stands by the yellow, red and blue;
I trust she ever will.

McGoinness rise twenty-five,
Renfrew braves are all alive,
They've added five Y. S.
New Westminster, in B. C. Div.,
Has told us now, to surely give
Them sixty. Yes, yes, yes.

Fifty Y. S. Vancouver adds;
God bless these lasses and these lads,
Away in the Far West;
While Digby ten W. A Crys gone up,
This almost fills the D.O's cup,
And puts him to the test.

Acadia Mines, a brass new corps,
Takes of Y. S. twenty more.
Good, Captain Tom Leavitt.
Poor Little Bay, N. F., falls down,
But Roberson adds twelve to a crown,
There's now hope the Lion.

Then Burin, too, appears in print,
Oh! if each corps would take the hint,
And order twenty more,
The circulation would increase,
The Devil then would have no peace,
And loudly would he roar.

Again I say, don't fail to pry
Into the List, look low and high,
To this well week by week;
The War Cry must be hr...rely sold,
By girls and boys, by young and old,
By brave, by mild, by meek.

SOCIAL WING

Musical Musketeers.

(Continued.)

Leaving Montreal on Monday morning, after a journey lasting about five hours, we arrived at Chateauguay. Here we were met by Capt. McKeon, who had just farewelled, and Capt. Tovell with Lieut. Brady, who have taken charge. We at once repaired to the house of a friend who had provided dinner for us, to which, by the way, we did ample justice.

After a good march and open-air at night we went in for a good time. The solos and selections from the Band seemed to be enjoyed by all. The

BARRACKS WAS WELL FILLED,

and the people listened very attentively to Staff-Capt. Bolton's description of our Social Scheme. It was a pity that the poor fellow very much under the influence of drink wanted to have his say in the meeting. He spoke very much as a proved of the Salvation Army and its work, to which, of course, we responded "amen," but as time was passing on and we were through with our part, the Staff-Captain asked him to please let us sing a chorus. He objected, so we sang without his consent.

Of course he was very indignant, and threatened all sorts of things, but was quieted by a sergeant who kept near him during the remainder of the meeting.

The

PEOPLE SHOWED THEIR SYMPATHY

in a very practical manner, and we closed the meeting with an invitation to those who were not saved to come to the Blood.

Leaving Chesterville, we went on Tuesday morning with an invitation to those two o'clock, having been delayed by an accident to one of the horses of the car.

Here we met Capt. and Mrs. Woolley, who are having quite a fight to keep things moving. Their Band evidently was interested in Social Reform, for the crowd was very much in excess of any they had had before at the Hall, which was comfortable on account of the charge of ten cents.

At the close of the meeting, while Mrs. Mattson was shaking hands with some of the people in the audience,

QUITE A LITTLE SUM

was placed in her hands by some of the friends.

On the way from Winchester to Ottawa we had to wait an hour and a quarter at Kempville Junction. The Capt. and Lieut. of the latter place met us here and informed us that the people there were in quite a way because we had not given them a night. To avoid the tediousness of a long wait at the station, we all made our way into the village close by and gathered a handful of beautiful wild flowers, with which we gladdened the hearts of the friends who entertained us in Ottawa.

Arrived at the latter place we were met at the depot by Brig. Glover, Adjt. Leonard and Walder, Capt. Connett and others. The band marched and played to the Temple, where they held a meeting, while the Brigadier secured the ladies to their billets and left them to rest till the night meeting.

The body of the Temple was well filled with a very respectable audience. Brig. Glover led off with a few testimonies. The band played some very fine selections, Miss Greenman sang her solos, Ensign Gedge and Lieut. Angus contributed their parts to the musical programme, then the Staff-Capt. arose to explain our Social Wing. The crowd paid close attention to all that was said, and, as Major Bolton made the appeal for help

MANY WERE MOVED TO TEARS

and gave liberally of their substance to help along this grand work.

At Perth we had the pleasure of being billeted with "Verus."

The march and open-air attracted a great number on the street, many of whom followed to the Town Hall, which had been secured for the occasion. Although the building was not full, there was a good crowd, and everyone seemed to enjoy the meeting.

After Staff-Capt. Bolton had addressed the meeting on Social Reform, Mrs. Bolton took hold of the beats, and the people with her appeal for help. When the timbrels were passed around they showed their sympathy by giving a good collection.

Many also felt their need of a Saviour before the close.

Friday evening finds us in Norwood, where we are met by Capt. Walker and her Lieut., who direct us to our billets.

The fine playing of our band on the street attracted a crowd which soon filled the barracks.

Lieut. Angus delighted the audience with "The General's Dream," while Cadet Bird's song, "I'm wait, you come?" was equally appreciated.

When help was asked for, at the close of Staff's address, there was a collection taken up, some being so anxious to help that they threw their donations at the platform, striking Lieut. Angus on the head.

Saturday at 7 a.m. we were shaking hands with Capt. Jones, Lieut. Brady and Cadet Bird, who met us at Peterboro. It being Saturday night, not a very large crowd greeted our appearance in the barracks, but they must have enjoyed the meeting, for we noticed that a large proportion of them were at all our meetings on Sunday as well, which was very encouraging.

The

BARRACKS WAS WELL FILLED

for the afternoon meeting. Those who had been present at the other meetings looked forward with pleasure to what was to come, and those who had not been there were delighted with what took place. We were ably assisted by "Cabbage Mike," who sang with telling effect, "Jesus gives me a clean, clean heart." When donations were asked for, the people helped nobly.

The night meeting was a crowning time. Comrade Mrs. McAlpine sang, "I need Thee every hour," before saying farewell for the Training Garrison. During the open-air meeting, Lieut. Morris had the joy of leading a young man to the penitent form. After kneeling there awhile our cause a pipe and some tobacco. Staff, Ensign Golds and Cabbage Mike all took part in demolishing the pipe with the greatest satisfaction. It did not take long after this for the Lord to save our brother, so after he had given his testimony, he had a real hallelujah wind up. Cabbage Mike again favored us with, "I have given myself to Jesus," with his own accompaniment.

Although very, very tired, we were well satisfied with the results of the day, and we wended our way to our billets to sleep the sleep of the just. FLORENCE EASTON.

THERE IS A HELL.

Some people claim that the word hell in the Bible means, the grave. So, according to their idea, about everybody will go to hell (the grave) when they die. Especially those who are drowned at sea, or buried in a mine, and so forth.

Now I am perfectly quite certain of going to hell (the grave). But, without a doubt, you will go into the hell of fire and torment, and be cast into the lake of fire and brimstone, if you don't give yourself to God and serve Him with all your might.

Now this will be, I think, not afraid of them that kill the body, and after that have no more power that they can do. But I will tell you whom you are to fear: fear him, which after he hath killed, hath power to cast into hell; yea, I say unto you, fear him."

That don't mean to "cast into the grave," for any man or woman can bury a person, but cannot cast your soul into a hell of torment. There is a place you will go to after death beside the grave. I just escaped the genuine hell by the skin of my teeth, but if you get there you might give your whole body to redeem your soul, but it won't do it. If sinner you will be saved and join the Salvation Army. That's what I did.

Skirmishes at the Battle's Front.

We have never found any branch of the work so delightful as the hand-to-hand skirmishes and face-to-face engagements upon the battle-field. It was therefore with great joy that we hailed the opportunity afforded us of a week-end (in company with Lieutenant Griffiths, of musical fame) at

West Toronto Junction.

These Junctionites believe in making the most of the beautiful spring weather, and accordingly it was soon evident that our Saturday night meeting would be held in the old-time fashion of an out-door meeting. The band, of course, caused a good crowd, and we were surprised as well as charmed by the way our audience stood and listened until a late hour. There was a good feeling too—a

Free, Go-ahead, Happy,

and I trust, profitable time. Sinners were faithfully warned, and lovingly entreated, and we parted in good faith for the next morrow's fight.

Knee-drill, we must confess, disappointed us, so far as numbers went concerned. We are just old-fashioned enough to believe that a rousing knee-drill is a good omen for the day's work. We felt that our officers went in for early blessings, but that children were only conspicuous by their absence.

Our morning and evening meetings were particularly good; and yet I must qualify that, for we saw no results, although we worked hard.

* * *

During the week we had the pleasure of leading Ensign Dawson in helping hand at a Social Reform meeting in the

Eglinton Methodist Church.

It is quite cheering to notice how these meetings are consuming the bands of Christian brotherhood between the Army and the other denominations.

One minister was heard to say after this meeting, "*I wish I could see the Spirit of God rest at the grand work that is going on; it makes me feel as if we were doing so little.*"

Saturday soon came round again, and we boarded the cars for

Oshawa,

receiving a most hearty welcome from Capt. and Mrs. White, who had not as yet spent their first Sunday in Oshawa. Yet that anyone enjoyed those meetings more than we did! Although unacquainted before, we found ourselves at once in just like kindliest, and most red-hot family party that we have seen for a long time. The old Medical Hall was crowded, and in spite of the unfavorable circumstances of being minus a platform, our comrades who were seated in the back luxurious seats, were pleased, were just as full of praise and thanksgiving as if the walls were frescoed with the choicest paintings ever seen, and the remainder of the surroundings were all to match.

I have visited corps where the need of a band has made itself badly felt, where there was neither much voice nor melody, but those who know Oshawa will agree with us that the sweetest of all singing is that which comes from

Hearts Tuned to Praise,

and overflowing with gratitude, and that was the kind of music we had on Sunday. We have visited corps where not badly off in the instrumental line either, for in addition to an organ, we had a violin, cornets, drums, and tambourines, cymbals, not to mention a concertina.

Knee-drill was refreshing to our souls; throughout the day there was a continuous flow of prayer. Everybody joined in.

At eleven o'clock the Lord came and blessed our souls. Yes, He came down to us, and the Lord backed the Word by the power of His spirit.

Our afternoon meeting was preceded by a march round town. We were so glad to have the efficient help of Captain Peard and his worthy father, all day long. At night again, after a short open-air we went in for

Heart to Heart Business

for eternity. The blessed spirit again sent home the truth, and it was evident that many souls were wrestling with the powers of darkness.

To our joy one young man came bravely out, and, confessing his sins, once more resolved to live for God. Yet our hearts were heavy for the many who did not decide, but turned sadly away. We believe that God's spirit will prevail, and Jesus shall win. NETTIE SIMON.

PEACE.

Oh, the peace the Saviour gives,
Peace that 'mid the tempest lives!
Storms around may make a din,
Jesus' peace still reigns within.

THE SANDWICH ISLANDS VISITED.

Major Morris Recounts His Travels.

DEAR Editor,—It means almost like a dream to me. The world does not seem such a large place after all. Enclose my last report of progress from the Western Brigade, things seem to have boomed, and the Cry is becoming more a public paper. They ask for it nearly all over. Evidently they are searching to know just what we are doing in the great S. A.

You know the Commissioner wished me to visit the Sandwich Islands, and soldier-like, if it had been ten times as far I should still have answered, "Yes, ready at once." My instructions followed me, as I had only a few hours to get ready for my nine thousand mile tour. Cut off from my home, the Brigade, and from the S.A., thousand miles how much

MY LIFE WAS WRAPPED UP IN IT,

and if the "War Cry" is as precious to my comrades and outsiders, which I fully believe it is, no officer, soldier, or friend need be ashamed of pushing it. When on the Islands I would have given my last coin for one. When I reached Victoria I sat up nearly all the night pursuing the back numbers, which were almost as hard to find as snow in summer, as all our corps sell out nearly every week. We are going up. We are "in the swim."

Victoria. The old church bells; souls are crying for mercy at the altar rails; everybody seems in ecstacy of joy; Father Gray is dancing happy; Capt. McIntyre is pushing things ahead.

EIGHT HUNDRED CRYS

will take some beating. Capt. Palmer, of the Victoria Rescue Home, is working hard and succeeding, too. She means victory. They took under hand, the papers said, one of the worst cases of fallen women in B.C., and in two months the woman takes a situation and bids fair to rise. Send her a donation for the Home, and pray God's blessing on her, as she has one of the hardest rows to hoe in the Rescue branch. I visited Vancouver on my way to Winnipeg. It was a most lively meeting. The converts at the corps of late have been so many, also many have joined our ranks. Some hundreds of dollars will be lost by the hotelkeepers, and the business men will be benefitted, also the policemen will not have so much bother to look after them. A collection at once said to me:

"Well, Major, if the S. A. has done no more good than ease us of a little work it has done a good work. I reckon we are brothers—you look after the soul, and we look after the body." I said, "That's so."

Cape Mitts, Calgary, reports barracks too small.

AT TWO IN THE MORNING

they were scouring the platform to find me among the passengers bound East.

Lieut. Gooding has met with an accident, therefore is not enabled to attend the meetings. They have been resting. Capt. Hills returns well, but the Lieut. still remains sick. The corps' march is upward, and the music still rules. Calgary for Jesus.

Capt. Gordon, Lieut. Johnson and soldiers met me at Moose Jaw. They have cheering prospects. They mean to stick, and if no great results, they have evidence since being in charge, of God's saving and keeping power.

Visible results? Yes, here they are:

Brandon.—Quite a few of our soldiers here have gone on to their farms during seeding, therefore cannot get to the meetings. Quite a few old and new faces met and greet us. Meetings all day Sunday, beautiful. Quite a few souls came to the morning holiness meeting. One dear little lew met us at the train the following morning wearing a badge.

HE HAD SPENT $400

in a few weeks, and lost all hope of being saved, but on Sunday night it was settled. Bless the Lord. It being the races the next day, Capt. Fry announced a special time. She writes me:

"One soul in the open-air in the morning. He marched and testified to the saving power of God all day. Two souls at night, and 62 collection. Beautiful!"

When I reached Portage la Prairie I found Capt. Bennie, Lieut. Gooding and soldiers, with faces beaming full of joy. They are digging trenches and throwing up embankments. To this corps the clang of gong means more than smoke, "Crys" are going up. Some one informed me that two commercial travellers, knowing the corps only since coming, bought quite a few "Crys," and thinking to, was too cheap, raised the price to 25c. We cannot tell whether they sold or not. No one saw them leave by the trains, and they were not to be seen on the streets the next day. It was thought they had been asked by the policemen to carefully study its pages in private.

Winnipeg. A change here. What a welcome meets me from the officers, soldiers and friends. Volley after volley was fired. Hundreds papers had advertised the welcome home meeting. No wonder the crowds filled the barracks at night. Capt. Hildstead and Lieut. Brown have slaughtered the enemy in fine style. The corps has improved. Results marvellous. When I visited the Winnipeg Rescue Home my eyes seemed to close not, that it was time. They assured me all the new things were paid for, they had kept out of debt and paid their way. They said the new "She's gone to a situation." Then calling another name, "She's doing well." All seemed happy.

I am afraid, dear Editor, my epistle will be too long, and receive the same treatment as the last did, but you know, I love to write away. R. MORRIS.

The following account of the Major's "Welcome Home" meeting appeared in the Winnipeg *Free Press* and *Sun*:—

MAJOR MORRIS HOME

AN ENTHUSIASTIC RECEPTION TO THE S. A. COMMANDER.

An Account of His Trip to the Sandwich Islands—He Finds that There is Work for the Army There.

The Salvation Army celebrated last evening Queen Victoria's birthday and the return of Major Morris from his trip to the Pacific coast and thence to the Sandwich Islands, with the object of finding an opening for Army work there. Open-air meetings were held in different parts of the city, and were followed with a considerable gathering of officers and soldiers to meet the Major on the arrival of the C.P.R. train from the west and gave him a hearty welcome home.

The Salvation Army hall was visited by many hundreds of people last evening, the attractions being the gathering of the officers and soldiers in full force with the band, and Major Morris, who has just returned from his

TRIP TO THE SANDWICH ISLANDS,

with the expectation of hearing him tell something of his experiences while away. The meeting was opened by Major Morris the interest all the evening. Solos were sung by Captain Tierney, of the Rescue Home, and Captain Edwards, the latter accompanying himself on the banjo. A commendable feature of the solo singing was the clear and terrible enunciation of the words. The stimulus received by the soldiers in the part of the meeting described, the Major said, were impressively spoken, and were to the point and not too long. The constant practice, night after night, results in marked improvement in public speaking, and in many cases prove the effectiveness of the system of training, until we find it be more generally recognised than it is now.

Major Morris used to advantage various incidents of his trip, before entering upon his main address. He told of a meeting the night before which had resulted in the conversion of a man who had come to this country to seek for himself and family, but had taken to drinking and lost all his money, $400 or $500. He said he was glad to see the Major, and said as the train could bring him fast enough. He had found no place that he liked so well as his terrible one from Manitoba right to the coast. He spoke of

THE LEPERS OF HONOLULU,

telling how those who are suspected of being leprous are quarantined in the suburbs; and how those who are found to be affected are banished to the Lepers' Island. Telling how drivers drive out and leave oranges, etc., for those in quarantine, he said, the Salvation Army was like that; it left oranges, etc., at different places where people have leprosy of sin, and when one a song, a testimony, or something true out of the Bible, that is all, there is a cure for this leprosy; you need not remain in quarantine, or be banished away forever. Speaking of a later stage, and somewhat more at length about the Sandwich Islands, he said he had been ordered by the Commissioner to visit them, and had not had many days' notice. The visit had done him good temporally and spiritually. There have been missionaries there for quite a long time, and the people were generally God-fearing. There are 20,000 inhabitants in Honolulu, 10,000 of whom are Chinese. The latter were the best he had seen, as they were brought more into contact with white people. Many of them

WORE EUROPEAN DRESS,

and they did two-thirds of the business of all kinds. They are industrious and clever, and they cultivate a great deal of land in the suburbs, in the gardening, but now produced three crops a year. Many scores of them had accepted Christianity. His attention had been struck by a very large native church, built of coral, brought in the first missionary. There were to-day two or three native churches which were filled to overflowing on Sundays. Nearly every denomination was represented, but there was not the zeal that should be manifested. The native children were being taught to speak English. About a thousand people, including natives and others, speak English. Everybody goes to bed at one o'clock, and rises early. Bathing in the morning is generally practiced; the water has a pleasant temperature of 75 degrees. The thermometer does not vary above ten degrees in the year, ranging from 70 to 85 all the year round. Walking around the town at first he had thought it was not a very wicked place; but on Saturday morning everything was changed; everybody seemed to be let loose and he had

NEVER SEEN SO MUCH DRUNKENNESS

in a few minutes. He began then to look up friends; and he found people who could be ready for the cargo of Salvationists as soon as they landed from the ship. He found many Japanese working on plantations, for whom Salvation work was being done. From plantations, which a few years ago were barren, it was expected that a million of sugar would be taken during this next year. This fertility was due to the sinking of artesian wells.

The Major spoke of the volcanic nature of the country; also of its beautiful appearance, with its profusion of beautiful flowers and its beautiful climate; he thought it was very much like heaven. He concluded with an earnest appeal to those who were unsaved to come to Christ. Announcements were made of a musical demonstration, on Thursday evening, and of the opening of the Army work in Selkirk next Sunday.

At St. John, N. B., on the 25th.

While many people were celebrating the Queen's Birthday in various places and in various ways, seeking for pleasure, the Salvation Army had arranged to have a big time. All the city forces were to unite at 3 p.m. for a great march round the city. A splendid crowd of soldiers turned out. Headed by the brass band, we marched to the market square.

After a Great Open-air

Hundreds flocked around, listened well, and gave a good collection. A good number followed us to the Bowling Alley, for the great "Musical Jubilee," led by Brig. Jacobs. McDonald the Scribe led off with his banjo, "The General's Dream, that nobody knows," and finished with "Keep them slippers on your feet," etc. Nothing like perseverance. Solos, duetts, and choice womanly solos followed, and a happy meeting came to a happy conclusion. All the corps united for the

SIXTH ANNIVERSARY DEMONSTRATION

at 7.30 p. m., led by Brig. Jacobs, assisted by P.O. Cousins and all the army officers and Cadets. The night march showed improvement on the afternoon. It looked well spent and much enjoyed. Out on from the sidewalks, and were convinced that the Salvation Army in the city of St. John was still a living reality, without spiritual consumption, after six years' test. Crowds followed to the barracks, and a real enjoyable Jubilee meeting was held, resulting in the salvation of three precious souls. Thus ended the Queen's Birthday, well spent and much enjoyed.

Capt. W. Andrews has taken charge of No. 1. He is full of plans and faith for great things.

The Lord has helped them much before, And lives to help them evermore.

JEHU.

READ

Holy Ann

In next week's WAR CRY.

ATTENTION!

CENTRAL BRIGADE!!

Officers, Soldiers and Friends, please note that all S.A. Publications and Uniform will be found for sale at the Headquarters of the Central Brigade Trade Depot, cor. Lippincott and Ulster Streets, Toronto.

LASSIES, NOTE!

We have a First-Class Red Jersey in stock at the low price of $2.00. Every Officer and Soldier should get one.

NOTE—For the accommodation of Soldiers and Friends, we keep our store open every Tuesday night until 8:30 P.M.

BRIGADIER MARGETTS.

The Consolidation Brigade [illegible] ledge the following [illegible] Sabbat Week:—

FOR THE LONDON [illegible] Anderson, 50c.; Bro. Ackford, Coal, 20c.; Mr. Holman, [illegible] Mrs. Sanders, [illegible] Bothwell, 25c.; Mr. Orr, [illegible] Higgins, 4c; McCormick, [illegible] A Friend, 50c.; Bro. Irish, [illegible] Agent, rhubarb; Mrs. C[illegible] McCormick, potatoes; M[illegible] ter, Ferin, biscuits; [illegible] mill; Mrs. Cottam, [illegible] Gatecliff, Chapman, [illegible] meat; Bro. Ackford, [illegible] bag potatoes; Mrs. Cato[illegible]

FOR THE MONTREAL BR[illegible] Vipond, 50c.; A. Lancaster, [illegible] ham, 50c.; C. L. Chapman, [illegible] small amounts, $2.63; Mr. [illegible] Gillespie, 25c.; Jas. Wood[illegible] Wood, 25; Friend, barrel [illegible] Russell, Mr. Virtue and Mr. [illegible]

EASTERN BRIGADE

JUNE BATTLE[illegible]

For God and Home

Brigadier and Mrs. Jacobs, [illegible] Staff-Capt. Cousins, the [illegible] Troops, and 50 Officers.

WILL VISIT

ST. JOHN III., June 18. 3 p.m. [illegible] Meeting.

ST. JOHN I., June 18. 8 p.m. [illegible] Meeting.

ST. JOHN I., June 19. 8 a.m. [illegible]

CARLETON, June 17. 8 p.m. [illegible] Demonstration.

Brigadier and Mrs. Jacobs, Major [illegible] Adjt. Collier, and 40 Officers

WILL VISIT

NEW GLASGOW, June 22. [illegible] ness Meeting.

NEW GLASGOW, June 23. [illegible] ed Conflagration Meeting.

NEW GLASGOW, June 24. [illegible] ness Meeting, admission by [illegible]

Brig. and Mrs. Jacobs, and Major [illegible]

WILL VISIT

PICTOU, June 20th, 21st and 22nd. [illegible] versary and Banquet.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P.E.I., June [illegible] and 24th. Salvation and [illegible] Demonstration.

GEORGETOWN, June 25th. Salvation and Holiness Demonstration.

WINSLOW ROAD, June 26th. Salvation and Holiness Demonstration.

SUMMERSIDE, June 27th, 28th, and [illegible] Salvation and Holiness Demonstration.

CAMPBELLTON, July 4th. [illegible] Opening of New Barracks.

CHATHAM, July 7th. Salvation [illegible] monstration.

NEWCASTLE, July 8th. Salvation [illegible] monstration.

To St. John Soldiery. Big Pic[illegible] Day and Excursion on July 1[illegible]

PETERBORO DIVISION.

BIG CAMP MEETINGS.

D. O. and Mrs. Beatty will [illegible] Camp Meetings (under [illegible] at

Peterboro Exhibition Grounds,

FROM

Saturday, June 13, to June [illegible] (Inclusive).

A STAFF OF OFFICERS WILL BE PRE[illegible]

S.A. Band in attendance. Silver Co[illegible] tion at the Grounds. Refreshments on the Grounds.

THE YOUNG SOLDIER. ONE CENT PER COPY. [illegible] THE WAR CRY, which is devoted [illegible] Officers and Soldiers. There is no [illegible] to spiritual advantage than our paper [illegible] of our WAR CRY, which is devoted [illegible] Christian and Salvation Army [illegible] but to cause all who read it to [illegible] and consecrated unto God and the [illegible] use, and the more confident effects [illegible] Printed, with all the publication [illegible] Portland Street, Toronto. Price [illegible] Terms, 2 c. a copy.